

Table 6.27C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2006 and 2007

Gender/Age Category	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	60	63	50	49	41	41	37	35
12	19	13	10	10	*	8	*	*
13	20	22	14	15	11	15	9	11
14	23	22	21	18	13	11	13	10
15	26	29	23	24	17	19	16	17
16	33	34	29	26	24	20	23	17
17	28	29	21	23	16	17	14	15
MALE	32	33	24	26	19	22	15	18
12	12	7	6	6	*	*	*	*
13	11	11	7	9	*	*	*	*
14	11	10	9	8	*	*	*	*
15	11	16	9	14	*	*	*	*
16	14	20	12	14	*	*	*	*
17	18	15	13	12	9	8	*	*
FEMALE	50	51	44	41	36	34	34	29
12	14	10	8	9	*	*	*	*
13	17	19	13	12	10	13	*	*
14	21	20	19	17	12	10	12	10
15	24	24	21	20	16	16	16	14
16	30	27	27	22	22	16	21	14
17	21	24	17	20	13	15	12	14

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.27D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2006 and 2007

Gender/Age Category	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.20	1.59	1.52	1.95	1.90
12	0.48	0.32	0.28	0.26	*	5.81	*	*
13	0.49	0.53	0.35	0.37	4.05	4.73	5.09	5.84
14	0.53	0.52	0.49	0.45	3.79	3.54	4.37	4.48
15	0.57	0.62	0.50	0.53	3.26	3.29	3.87	4.00
16	0.70	0.72	0.64	0.57	3.36	2.95	3.94	3.59
17	0.63	0.65	0.48	0.54	3.20	2.92	4.17	3.77
MALE	0.25	0.26	0.19	0.20	2.84	2.84	3.55	3.53
12	0.66	0.37	0.34	0.28	*	*	*	*
13	0.52	0.52	0.34	0.43	*	*	*	*
14	0.48	0.48	0.40	0.40	*	*	*	*
15	0.49	0.71	0.42	0.62	*	*	*	*
16	0.62	0.84	0.53	0.59	*	*	*	*
17	0.83	0.71	0.60	0.56	4.86	5.06	*	*
FEMALE	0.41	0.43	0.36	0.34	1.88	1.83	2.24	2.25
12	0.69	0.52	0.42	0.44	*	*	*	*
13	0.86	0.94	0.66	0.62	5.04	5.45	*	*
14	0.99	0.96	0.92	0.85	4.47	4.17	5.07	5.41
15	0.98	1.02	0.88	0.87	3.77	3.91	4.37	4.77
16	1.20	1.16	1.13	0.97	3.89	3.54	4.46	4.29
17	1.00	1.07	0.79	0.91	4.13	3.61	5.21	4.46

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.27P Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2007 Versus 2006

Gender/Age Category	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.4757		0.7671		0.9974		0.3150	
12	0.0469		0.8343		*		*	
13	0.9072		0.6734		0.2376		0.8266	
14	0.8338		0.2444		0.4331		0.8265	
15	0.1584		0.3206		0.8795		0.6033	
16	0.4493		0.7918		0.1866		0.1818	
17	0.3761		0.1267		0.3834		0.9708	
MALE	0.3143		0.1632		0.7432		0.9798	
12	0.1935		0.7840		*		*	
13	0.4404		0.7539		*		*	
14	0.7244		0.6699		*		*	
15	0.0103		0.0111		*		*	
16	0.1048		0.2992		*		*	
17	0.8273		0.9727		0.8604		*	
FEMALE	0.8258		0.6405		0.8662		0.2795	
12	0.1388		1.0000		*		*	
13	0.8733		0.6546		0.4432		*	
14	0.8787		0.2445		0.4908		0.8759	
15	0.9728		0.6749		0.7655		0.3966	
16	0.8541		0.5172		0.0955		0.0831	
17	0.1938		0.0568		0.3155		0.6724	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.28C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2006 and 2007

Age Category	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	405	424	323	345	359	371	292	320
18	33	34	25	28	22	21	19	18
19	33	29	26	22	19	17	17	13
20	26	27	22	21	18	17	15	13
21	32	32	27	26	21	20	19	18
22	30	26	24	22	16	16	15	15
23	25	31	19	25	16	20	13	18
24	30	29	22	23	20	21	16	17
25	30	30	24	24	22	21	19	18
26-49	305	268	245	215	252	225	207	192
50 or Older	271	316	212	252	261	285	207	237

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.28D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2006 and 2007

Age Category	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.18	0.19	0.15	0.16	1.08	1.27	1.28	1.42
18	0.69	0.68	0.53	0.58	4.13	4.30	5.03	5.64
19	0.73	0.64	0.60	0.50	3.78	3.95	4.72	4.85
20	0.64	0.64	0.54	0.51	3.93	4.09	5.00	5.22
21	0.71	0.75	0.61	0.62	3.72	3.97	4.89	4.82
22	0.70	0.66	0.57	0.57	3.87	4.14	5.23	5.26
23	0.61	0.75	0.47	0.63	3.98	3.88	4.87	4.95
24	0.73	0.71	0.55	0.58	4.00	4.00	4.78	5.18
25	0.78	0.78	0.63	0.62	4.07	4.43	4.95	5.37
26-49	0.31	0.27	0.25	0.22	1.58	1.62	1.85	1.82
50 or Older	0.31	0.36	0.24	0.28	2.02	2.98	2.46	3.28

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

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³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.28P Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: PValues from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2007 Versus 2006

Age Category	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.3541		0.9668		0.0069		0.3000	
18	0.6204		0.7577		0.4120		0.2979	
19	0.0574		0.0581		0.6538		0.4903	
20	0.8178		0.5990		0.3809		0.3304	
21	0.9535		0.9017		0.8693		0.9216	
22	0.8208		0.8561		0.1981		0.5094	
23	0.0015		0.0154		0.3745		0.5629	
24	0.5896		0.9722		0.9246		0.2565	
25	0.8745		0.9394		0.7868		0.6134	
26-49	0.9485		0.4319		0.1781		0.9562	
50 or Older	0.1217		0.3394		0.0016		0.1104	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.29C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2006 and 2007

Gender/Age	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	405	424	323	345	359	371	292	320
18-25	79	81	64	66	56	54	46	46
26-49	305	268	245	215	252	225	207	192
50 or Older	271	316	212	252	261	285	207	237
MALE	251	265	215	218	218	216	192	188
18-25	51	49	39	40	26	30	22	26
26-49	193	168	158	132	153	133	134	112
50 or Older	164	201	142	169	156	*	*	*
FEMALE	307	326	245	260	292	292	231	241
18-25	59	62	49	51	49	45	40	38
26-49	213	210	175	173	196	181	164	156
50 or Older	219	246	163	182	214	226	159	178

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.29D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2006 and 2007

Gender/Age	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.18	0.19	0.15	0.16	1.08	1.27	1.28	1.42
18-25	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.20	1.38	1.42	1.78	1.81
26-49	0.31	0.27	0.25	0.22	1.58	1.62	1.85	1.82
50 or Older	0.31	0.36	0.24	0.28	2.02	2.98	2.46	3.28
MALE	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.20	2.16	2.41	2.49	2.93
18-25	0.31	0.30	0.24	0.25	2.14	2.50	2.92	3.16
26-49	0.39	0.34	0.32	0.27	3.05	2.94	3.45	3.44
50 or Older	0.41	0.49	0.35	0.41	3.97	*	*	*
FEMALE	0.27	0.29	0.22	0.23	1.23	1.43	1.42	1.49
18-25	0.37	0.39	0.31	0.31	1.73	1.77	2.19	2.22
26-49	0.42	0.42	0.35	0.35	1.78	1.88	2.13	2.04
50 or Older	0.47	0.52	0.35	0.38	2.23	3.42	2.51	3.29

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

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³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.29P Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: *P* Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2007 Versus 2006

Gender/Age	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.3541		0.9668		0.0069		0.3000	
18-25	0.7877		0.9075		0.4460		0.1613	
26-49	0.9485		0.4319		0.1781		0.9562	
50 or Older	0.1217		0.3394		0.0016		0.1104	
MALE	0.9005		0.5605		0.3579		0.6651	
18-25	0.3768		0.7936		0.6011		0.8153	
26-49	0.5605		0.2031		0.6561		0.8734	
50 or Older	0.4765		0.6295		*		*	
FEMALE	0.1920		0.5816		0.0027		0.2345	
18-25	0.7090		0.9605		0.1389		0.1110	
26-49	0.6808		0.9805		0.1097		0.7996	
50 or Older	0.1585		0.3925		0.0062		0.1894	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.30C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2006 and 2007

Hispanic Origin and Race	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	60	63	50	49	41	41	37	35
Not Hispanic or Latino	51	57	43	45	35	38	33	32
White	45	52	37	41	29	33	27	29
Black or African American	22	26	17	20	10	17	9	12
American Indian or Alaska Native	3	2	3	2	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	21	15	19	11	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	12	7	7	6	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	29	26	25	21	21	13	19	11

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.30D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2006 and 2007

Hispanic Origin and Race	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.20	1.59	1.52	1.95	1.90
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.25	0.28	0.21	0.22	1.69	1.64	2.07	2.06
White	0.27	0.33	0.23	0.26	1.81	1.84	2.16	2.33
Black or African American	0.52	0.63	0.42	0.50	3.60	4.36	4.80	4.97
American Indian or Alaska Native	2.44	1.60	1.91	1.07	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	1.97	1.43	1.80	1.05	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	2.53	1.61	1.66	1.52	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	0.65	0.58	0.57	0.47	4.37	3.65	5.61	4.23

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.30P Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: PValues from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2007 Versus 2006

Hispanic Origin and Race	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.4757		0.7671		0.9974		0.3150	
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.1824		0.5296		0.5337		0.6483	
White	0.2060		0.8036		0.6368		0.8677	
Black or African American	0.0935		0.0529		0.0473		0.7499	
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.1025		0.0609		*		*	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*		*		*		*	
Asian	0.7257		0.5228		*		*	
Two or More Races	0.3294		0.9386		*		*	
Hispanic or Latino	0.2901		0.5781		0.1717		0.1493	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.31C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2006 and 2007

Demographic Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	405	424	323	345	359	371	292	320
GENDER								
Male	251	265	215	218	218	216	192	188
Female	307	326	245	260	292	292	231	241
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	385	399	303	328	346	351	278	300
White	362	377	282	303	317	324	254	278
Black or African American	147	136	107	115	121	99	98	90
American Indian or Alaska Native	31	36	30	14	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	16	*	16	8	*	*	*	*
Asian	58	53	31	34	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	61	55	56	26	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	125	159	99	121	97	131	84	106
EDUCATION								
< High School	187	209	140	171	163	174	124	153
High School Graduate	215	239	170	183	194	203	153	168
Some College	226	224	181	160	195	177	167	142
College Graduate	201	234	161	179	179	188	147	149
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	301	286	230	209	240	206	193	172
Part-Time	132	172	98	127	107	152	84	116
Unemployed	78	108	66	89	66	88	60	73
Other ⁴	249	277	200	237	240	248	194	220
MARITAL STATUS								
Married	296	299	232	233	260	262	212	215
Widowed	118	155	81	82	*	*	*	*
Divorced or Separated	196	234	162	189	172	195	144	174
Never Married	203	201	151	164	161	138	126	122

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

⁴ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.31D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2006 and 2007

Demographic Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.18	0.19	0.15	0.16	1.08	1.27	1.28	1.42
GENDER								
Male	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.20	2.16	2.41	2.49	2.93
Female	0.27	0.29	0.22	0.23	1.23	1.43	1.42	1.49
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.20	0.21	0.16	0.17	1.09	1.32	1.27	1.45
White	0.22	0.23	0.18	0.19	1.16	1.36	1.37	1.53
Black or African American	0.55	0.51	0.41	0.44	3.75	4.31	4.25	5.07
American Indian or Alaska Native	2.98	3.15	2.79	1.36	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1.98	*	1.93	1.42	*	*	*	*
Asian	0.62	0.57	0.34	0.38	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	2.56	2.23	2.36	1.12	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	0.44	0.54	0.35	0.41	4.38	4.39	5.67	5.38
EDUCATION								
< High School	0.49	0.56	0.37	0.46	2.98	2.84	3.57	3.20
High School Graduate	0.30	0.34	0.24	0.26	1.99	2.16	2.26	2.29
Some College	0.40	0.38	0.32	0.28	1.86	2.36	2.12	2.29
College Graduate	0.33	0.38	0.27	0.29	2.58	2.85	2.96	3.65
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	0.24	0.23	0.19	0.17	1.65	1.88	1.96	2.19
Part-Time	0.45	0.56	0.34	0.42	2.95	2.79	3.53	3.10
Unemployed	1.08	1.41	0.92	1.19	4.41	5.16	4.95	6.02
Other ⁴	0.39	0.42	0.32	0.37	1.65	2.29	1.99	2.39
MARITAL STATUS								
Married	0.23	0.24	0.19	0.19	1.80	1.94	2.12	2.24
Widowed	0.79	1.13	0.55	0.62	*	*	*	*
Divorced or Separated	0.67	0.75	0.57	0.62	2.61	2.87	3.08	2.59
Never Married	0.34	0.34	0.27	0.29	1.73	1.93	2.01	2.49

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

⁴ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.31P Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: *P* Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2007 Versus 2006

Demographic Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.3541		0.9668		0.0069		0.3000	
GENDER								
Male	0.9005		0.5605		0.3579		0.6651	
Female	0.1920		0.5816		0.0027		0.2345	
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.6024		0.9936		0.0032		0.3113	
White	0.4292		0.7617		0.0075		0.2653	
Black or African American	0.7277		0.6446		0.2112		0.4952	
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.4993		0.0908		*		*	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*		0.3307		*		*	
Asian	0.9450		0.9133		*		*	
Two or More Races	0.5274		0.0430		*		*	
Hispanic or Latino	0.1976		0.8828		0.7424		0.8062	
EDUCATION								
< High School	0.1920		0.0690		0.9076		0.6504	
High School Graduate	0.6617		0.5916		0.4212		0.8953	
Some College	0.1551		0.0193		0.0369		0.2716	
College Graduate	0.0943		0.8005		0.0233		0.1906	
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	0.2986		0.0199		0.0065		0.2229	
Part-Time	0.1636		0.2539		0.1863		0.2959	
Unemployed	0.1230		0.1299		0.3618		0.1343	
Other ⁴	0.2134		0.2127		0.0191		0.3945	
MARITAL STATUS								
Married	0.8896		0.4370		0.1832		0.4716	
Widowed	0.1887		0.6468		*		*	
Divorced or Separated	0.0983		0.2091		0.2454		0.6468	
Never Married	0.4385		0.4167		0.2051		0.3200	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded.

⁴ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.32C (REVISED) Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2006 and 2007

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	60	63	50	49	41	41	37	35
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	22	25	19	20	16	19	16	15
Midwest	22	24	19	21	14	15	12	14
South	39	39	32	30	26	25	24	19
West	33	35	28	28	22	22	19	20
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	49	51	39	40	31	31	27	26
Small Metro	38	36	30	29	24	21	22	18
Nonmetro	24	23	20	18	13	14	13	12
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	28	27	24	22	20	17	19	13
\$20,000 - \$49,999	40	38	32	30	24	23	22	19
\$50,000 - \$74,999	25	27	20	23	17	16	14	14
\$75,000 or More	33	36	27	29	20	22	19	20
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	32	29	28	23	23	19	22	15
No	56	59	44	46	35	35	32	30
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	48	53	38	42	29	34	27	30
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	35	35	30	26	24	21	21	16
Other ⁷	23	15	19	12	*	*	*	*
No Coverage	19	17	14	14	10	6	9	*
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	31	29	22	23	17	17	14	14
Very Good	40	42	33	33	26	26	24	22
Good	33	34	29	26	20	22	19	18
Fair/Poor	16	17	15	15	12	12	*	*

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: This table was revised in May 2012 due to updates (for details, see the introduction to these 2007 detailed tables).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded. ⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.32D (REVISED) Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2006 and 2007

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.20	1.60	1.52	1.95	1.90
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	0.49	0.57	0.44	0.45	3.71	3.70	4.63	4.06
Midwest	0.40	0.43	0.34	0.37	2.43	2.55	2.85	3.24
South	0.43	0.44	0.35	0.33	2.52	2.58	3.16	3.36
West	0.55	0.60	0.47	0.47	3.94	3.60	4.78	4.35
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	0.34	0.35	0.28	0.28	2.35	2.21	2.96	2.71
Small Metro	0.46	0.46	0.37	0.38	2.84	2.53	3.31	3.11
Nonmetro	0.53	0.52	0.46	0.42	3.10	3.43	3.78	4.39
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	0.63	0.60	0.55	0.49	4.54	3.64	5.75	4.35
\$20,000 - \$49,999	0.45	0.48	0.38	0.37	2.57	2.59	3.11	3.12
\$50,000 - \$74,999	0.51	0.56	0.42	0.48	3.67	3.63	4.56	4.49
\$75,000 or More	0.38	0.41	0.32	0.33	2.78	2.65	3.49	3.35
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	0.63	0.54	0.55	0.45	3.71	3.34	4.59	4.05
No	0.26	0.28	0.21	0.22	1.80	1.66	2.19	2.09
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	0.28	0.31	0.23	0.25	1.92	1.87	2.39	2.31
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	0.52	0.50	0.44	0.39	3.35	3.08	4.10	3.58
Other ⁷	1.94	1.31	1.77	1.11	*	*	*	*
No Coverage	0.82	0.86	0.63	0.71	4.51	3.81	5.71	*
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	0.36	0.34	0.27	0.27	3.08	3.09	4.06	4.05
Very Good	0.37	0.39	0.31	0.31	2.52	2.36	3.03	2.88
Good	0.58	0.62	0.52	0.49	2.85	2.75	3.42	3.35
Fair/Poor	1.77	1.61	1.64	1.45	5.62	5.69	*	*

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: This table was revised in May 2012 due to updates (for details, see the introduction to these 2007 detailed tables).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded. ⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.32P (REVISED) Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2007 Versus 2006

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.4835		0.7405		0.9296		0.3277	
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	0.2871		0.7361		0.6854		0.2847	
Midwest	0.4340		0.7144		0.6748		0.7819	
South	0.3732		0.3033		0.8925		0.1698	
West	0.3133		0.2300		0.8199		0.7485	
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	0.4186		0.6000		0.8747		0.4567	
Small Metro	0.4562		0.3816		0.6319		0.1860	
Nonmetro	0.3474		0.1241		0.1694		0.3644	
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	0.7333		0.6371		0.3299		0.9436	
\$20,000 - \$49,999	0.7741		0.9197		0.8464		0.4113	
\$50,000 - \$74,999	0.4194		0.3005		0.1766		0.1891	
\$75,000 or More	0.7302		0.8028		0.9065		0.9954	
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	0.3737		0.4451		0.2890		0.7990	
No	0.2052		0.4223		0.6764		0.3458	
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	0.1505		0.2467		0.3886		0.8208	
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	0.7043		0.4212		0.6473		0.6113	
Other ⁷	0.2859		0.5851		*		*	
No Coverage	0.6951		0.9341		0.0134		*	
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	0.7364		0.5863		0.9554		0.3167	
Very Good	0.4946		0.8095		0.8948		0.3962	
Good	0.2658		0.9732		0.6427		0.4967	
Fair/Poor	0.3812		0.5540		0.6834		*	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: This table was revised in May 2012 due to updates (for details, see the introduction to these 2007 detailed tables).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded. ⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.33C (REVISED) Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2006 and 2007

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	405	425	324	346	360	373	292	322
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	182	171	146	132	157	153	133	125
Midwest	172	165	128	130	158	140	115	117
South	260	266	212	211	236	228	200	189
West	197	239	154	196	165	215	131	193
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	316	349	247	278	276	292	216	250
Small Metro	214	226	164	180	175	188	149	165
Nonmetro	191	175	154	126	160	151	130	114
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	197	220	158	182	173	194	139	168
\$20,000 - \$49,999	274	249	216	201	228	207	184	184
\$50,000 - \$74,999	154	207	116	158	136	172	104	145
\$75,000 or More	215	234	166	173	187	180	151	139
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	201	233	161	197	176	210	148	183
No	375	384	293	295	323	309	256	262
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	343	335	255	251	294	281	225	224
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	145	175	114	158	136	158	108	144
Other ⁷	201	246	165	189	192	211	161	172
No Coverage	170	196	136	146	128	147	109	121
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	147	161	112	117	112	119	89	91
Very Good	209	218	157	158	186	171	141	139
Good	250	260	192	203	214	207	174	179
Fair/Poor	203	260	172	223	187	232	161	201

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: This table was revised in May 2012 due to updates (for details, see the introduction to these 2007 detailed tables).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded. ⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.33D (REVISED) Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2006 and 2007

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.19	0.19	0.15	0.16	1.08	1.27	1.28	1.41
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	0.44	0.42	0.36	0.32	2.30	2.57	2.76	2.43
Midwest	0.35	0.34	0.26	0.27	1.78	2.43	2.16	2.96
South	0.33	0.33	0.27	0.26	1.81	2.24	2.10	2.63
West	0.39	0.47	0.31	0.39	2.67	2.86	3.20	3.11
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	0.26	0.28	0.20	0.23	1.67	1.97	1.97	2.24
Small Metro	0.33	0.31	0.25	0.25	1.78	2.19	1.99	2.31
Nonmetro	0.45	0.45	0.38	0.33	2.17	2.24	2.65	2.42
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	0.44	0.51	0.36	0.44	2.05	2.12	2.41	2.35
\$20,000 - \$49,999	0.34	0.32	0.28	0.27	1.85	2.26	2.15	2.45
\$50,000 - \$74,999	0.39	0.49	0.30	0.37	2.73	3.05	3.05	3.34
\$75,000 or More	0.33	0.33	0.26	0.26	2.43	2.99	2.84	3.77
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	0.60	0.67	0.49	0.58	2.17	2.40	2.46	2.62
No	0.19	0.19	0.15	0.15	1.29	1.47	1.49	1.68
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	0.21	0.21	0.16	0.16	1.48	1.74	1.77	1.99
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	0.80	0.89	0.64	0.82	2.14	3.05	2.34	3.47
Other ⁷	0.40	0.47	0.33	0.37	2.04	3.15	2.17	3.44
No Coverage	0.50	0.54	0.40	0.41	2.63	2.82	3.22	3.22
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	0.29	0.30	0.22	0.23	3.29	3.64	4.26	4.70
Very Good	0.26	0.27	0.20	0.20	1.88	2.21	2.16	2.64
Good	0.41	0.42	0.31	0.34	2.12	2.26	2.48	2.46
Fair/Poor	0.67	0.81	0.57	0.70	2.03	2.29	2.37	2.51

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: This table was revised in May 2012 due to updates (for details, see the introduction to these 2007 detailed tables).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded. ⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.

Table 6.33P (REVISED) Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older with MDE or MDE with Severe Impairment in the Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: *P* Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2007 Versus 2006

Geographic/Socioeconomic/ Health Characteristic	Had Past Year MDE ¹				Received Treatment for Depression in the Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ^{1,2}			
	Total		With Severe Impairment ³		Total		With Severe Impairment ³	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	0.3271		0.8986		0.0094		0.3478	
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	0.6355		0.3189		0.6532		0.4477	
Midwest	0.5826		0.7524		0.0004		0.0348	
South	0.3572		0.5921		0.1126		0.3185	
West	0.1187		0.5406		0.6185		0.4203	
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	0.0938		0.3166		0.0208		0.3834	
Small Metro	0.9394		0.6568		0.1784		0.3656	
Nonmetro	0.3704		0.2375		0.9331		0.4737	
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	0.2695		0.2184		0.8831		0.3958	
\$20,000 - \$49,999	0.7599		0.6123		0.0528		0.6789	
\$50,000 - \$74,999	0.0921		0.3015		0.1667		0.6650	
\$75,000 or More	0.7169		0.4633		0.0767		0.0610	
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE⁴								
Yes	0.5607		0.6972		0.4358		0.2138	
No	0.3772		0.9941		0.0009		0.0666	
HEALTH INSURANCE⁵								
Private	0.9940		0.4460		0.0046		0.1761	
Medicaid/CHIP ⁶	0.8326		0.6970		0.4055		0.9685	
Other ⁷	0.2407		0.6083		0.0130		0.1966	
No Coverage	0.1315		0.4882		0.9695		0.5476	
OVERALL HEALTH⁸								
Excellent	0.6866		0.9610		0.1746		0.3190	
Very Good	0.1424		0.0980		0.0920		0.3488	
Good	0.1524		0.8479		0.0562		0.5789	
Fair/Poor	0.1652		0.1562		0.4369		0.9475	

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: This table was revised in May 2012 due to updates (for details, see the introduction to these 2007 detailed tables).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Impairment is based on the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) role domains, which measure the impact of a disorder on a person's life. Impairment is defined as the highest severity level of role impairment across four domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life. Ratings ≥ 7 on a 0 to 10 scale were considered Severe Impairment.

¹ Respondents with unknown Past Year MDE data were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication for depression in the past year. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Respondents with unknown Severe Impairment data were excluded. ⁴ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁵ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁶ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁷ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁸ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007.