

Table 9.16A Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Household Participation in Selected Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: 2004 and 2005

Government Assistance Program/Age	HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM			
	Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005
ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS				
Total	35,561	36,812	204,954	206,408
12-17	4,681	5,083	20,533	20,271
18-25	5,593	5,912	26,601	26,574
26 or Older	25,287	25,817	157,820	159,563
SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)				
Total	16,707	16,534	223,808	226,686
12-17	1,804	1,873	23,410	23,482
18-25	1,626	1,771	30,568	30,715
26 or Older	13,277	12,890	169,830	172,489
FOOD STAMPS				
Total	19,962	21,159	220,553	222,062
12-17	3,058	3,598	22,156	21,757
18-25	3,614	3,804	28,580	28,682
26 or Older	13,290	13,756	169,816	171,623
CASH ASSISTANCE				
Total	7,148	7,109	233,367	236,111
12-17	1,196	1,311	24,018	24,044
18-25	1,527	1,520	30,667	30,966
26 or Older	4,425	4,278	178,682	181,102
NONCASH ASSISTANCE				
Total	8,454	9,041	232,061	234,179
12-17	1,223	1,179	23,991	24,176
18-25	1,910	1,934	30,284	30,552
26 or Older	5,320	5,929	177,786	179,451

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more family members receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 9.16N Survey Sample Size for Respondents Aged 12 or Older, by Household Participation in Selected Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: 2004 and 2005

Government Assistance Program/Age	HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM			
	Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005
ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS				
Total	11,618	12,366	56,142	55,942
12-17	4,216	4,541	18,085	17,993
18-25	4,125	4,328	18,704	18,183
26 or Older	3,277	3,497	19,353	19,766
SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)				
Total	4,159	4,316	63,601	63,992
12-17	1,574	1,668	20,727	20,866
18-25	1,130	1,172	21,699	21,339
26 or Older	1,455	1,476	21,175	21,787
FOOD STAMPS				
Total	7,472	8,232	60,288	60,076
12-17	2,830	3,219	19,471	19,315
18-25	2,709	2,894	20,120	19,617
26 or Older	1,933	2,119	20,697	21,144
CASH ASSISTANCE				
Total	2,845	2,977	64,915	65,331
12-17	1,090	1,139	21,211	21,395
18-25	1,115	1,165	21,714	21,346
26 or Older	640	673	21,990	22,590
NONCASH ASSISTANCE				
Total	3,437	3,612	64,323	64,696
12-17	1,096	1,127	21,205	21,407
18-25	1,490	1,534	21,339	20,977
26 or Older	851	951	21,779	22,312

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more family members receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.