

Table 7.102A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	34,807	35,041	6,354	6,990	28,453	28,051
12-17	5,300 ^a	5,041	1,078	1,199	4,223 ^b	3,843
18-25	10,913	11,117	1,890	2,008	9,022	9,108
26 or Older	18,594	18,883	3,386	3,783	15,208	15,099
MARIJUANA						
Total	25,451	25,375	4,527	4,738	20,924	20,636
12-17	3,656 ^a	3,383	730	769	2,925 ^b	2,614
18-25	8,963	9,111	1,503	1,547	7,459	7,564
26 or Older	12,833	12,880	2,293	2,422	10,540	10,458
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	19,658	20,109	3,857	4,250	15,801	15,859
12-17	3,269	3,129	632	711	2,637 ^a	2,419
18-25	6,201	6,467	1,073	1,147	5,128	5,320
26 or Older	10,189	10,513	2,152	2,393	8,037	8,120

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.102B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	14.5	14.4	17.9	19.0	13.9	13.6
12-17	21.0 ^a	19.9	23.0	23.6	20.6 ^b	19.0
18-25	33.9	34.2	33.8	34.0	33.9	34.3
26 or Older	10.2	10.2	13.4	14.7	9.6	9.5
MARIJUANA						
Total	10.6	10.4	12.7	12.9	10.2	10.0
12-17	14.5 ^b	13.3	15.6	15.1	14.2 ^b	12.9
18-25	27.8	28.0	26.9	26.2	28.0	28.5
26 or Older	7.0	6.9	9.1	9.4	6.7	6.6
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	8.2	8.3	10.8	11.5	7.7	7.7
12-17	13.0	12.3	13.5	14.0	12.8 ^a	11.9
18-25	19.3	19.9	19.2	19.4	19.3	20.0
26 or Older	5.6	5.7	8.5	9.3	5.1	5.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.103A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	120,934 ^b	126,028	12,764 ^a	14,179	108,170	111,849
12-17	4,436 ^a	4,191	705	759	3,730 ^a	3,432
18-25	19,474	19,783	2,807	2,810	16,667	16,973
26 or Older	97,023 ^b	102,054	9,251 ^a	10,610	87,772	91,445
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	54,725	55,090	7,206	7,785	47,519	47,305
12-17	2,794 ^b	2,513	439	452	2,355 ^b	2,061
18-25	13,271	13,597	1,849	1,833	11,421	11,764
26 or Older	38,661	38,980	4,918	5,500	33,742	33,480
CIGARETTES						
Total	59,896	60,532	11,742 ^a	12,929	48,153	47,603
12-17	2,998 ^a	2,733	590	655	2,408 ^b	2,077
18-25	12,731	12,667	2,532	2,718	10,199	9,948
26 or Older	44,166	45,133	8,620	9,555	35,546	35,577

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.103B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	50.3 ^b	51.8	35.9 ^a	38.5	52.8 ^a	54.2
12-17	17.6 ^a	16.5	15.1	14.9	18.2 ^a	16.9
18-25	60.5	60.9	50.2	47.5	62.7	63.9
26 or Older	53.0 ^b	55.1	36.6 ^b	41.1	55.6 ^a	57.3
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	22.8	22.7	20.3	21.1	23.2	22.9
12-17	11.1 ^b	9.9	9.4	8.9	11.5 ^b	10.2
18-25	41.2	41.9	33.1	31.0	42.9	44.3
26 or Older	21.1	21.0	19.5	21.3	21.4	21.0
CIGARETTES						
Total	24.9	24.9	33.0	35.1	23.5	23.1
12-17	11.9 ^b	10.8	12.6	12.9	11.7 ^b	10.2
18-25	39.5	39.0	45.3	46.0	38.3	37.4
26 or Older	24.1	24.3	34.1	37.0	22.5	22.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.104A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	22,506	22,218	3,755	3,816	18,751	18,402
12-17	2,228 ^a	2,038	437	419	1,791 ^a	1,619
18-25	6,840	7,069	1,086	1,125	5,754	5,943
26 or Older	13,438	13,111	2,232	2,271	11,206	10,840
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	7,298	6,833	1,836	1,852	5,462	4,981
12-17	1,347 ^a	1,186	284	281	1,062 ^a	905
18-25	2,684	2,728	550	520	2,135	2,208
26 or Older	3,267	2,918	1,002	1,051	2,265	1,868
ALCOHOL						
Total	18,654	18,658	2,663	2,703	15,990	15,955
12-17	1,517	1,407	264	239	1,252	1,168
18-25	5,609	5,692	792	813	4,816	4,878
26 or Older	11,528	11,560	1,607	1,651	9,921	9,909

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.104B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Participation in One or More Government Assistance Programs and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD PARTICIPATED IN ONE OR MORE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	9.4	9.1	10.6	10.4	9.1	8.9
12-17	8.8 ^a	8.0	9.3	8.2	8.7	8.0
18-25	21.2	21.8	19.4	19.0	21.6	22.4
26 or Older	7.3	7.1	8.8	8.8	7.1	6.8
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	3.0	2.8	5.2	5.0	2.7 ^a	2.4
12-17	5.3 ^a	4.7	6.1	5.5	5.2 ^a	4.5
18-25	8.3	8.4	9.8	8.8	8.0	8.3
26 or Older	1.8	1.6	4.0	4.1	1.4 ^a	1.2
ALCOHOL						
Total	7.8	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.8	7.7
12-17	6.0	5.5	5.6	4.7	6.1	5.8
18-25	17.4	17.5	14.2	13.8	18.1	18.4
26 or Older	6.3	6.2	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household participation in one or more government assistance programs is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), food stamps, cash, or noncash assistance during the prior calendar year. SSI provides payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons. Food stamps are government-issued coupons used to purchase food. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance. Noncash assistance refers to receiving assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.105A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	34,807	35,041	2,294	2,417	32,513	32,623
12-17	5,300 ^a	5,041	355	415	4,945 ^a	4,626
18-25	10,913	11,117	538	560	10,375	10,556
26 or Older	18,594	18,883	1,400	1,441	17,194	17,441
MARIJUANA						
Total	25,451	25,375	1,582	1,587	23,869	23,787
12-17	3,656 ^a	3,383	244	259	3,412 ^a	3,124
18-25	8,963	9,111	445	433	8,518	8,678
26 or Older	12,833	12,880	893	895	11,939	11,985
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	19,658	20,109	1,381	1,492	18,278	18,617
12-17	3,269	3,129	208	236	3,061	2,893
18-25	6,201	6,467	286	316	5,915	6,151
26 or Older	10,189	10,513	887	940	9,302	9,573

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.105B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	14.5	14.4	13.7	14.6	14.5	14.4
12-17	21.0 ^a	19.9	19.7	22.2	21.1 ^b	19.7
18-25	33.9	34.2	33.1	31.6	33.9	34.4
26 or Older	10.2	10.2	10.5	11.2	10.1	10.1
MARIJUANA						
Total	10.6	10.4	9.5	9.6	10.7	10.5
12-17	14.5 ^b	13.3	13.5	13.9	14.6 ^b	13.3
18-25	27.8	28.0	27.4	24.5	27.9	28.3
26 or Older	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.9	7.0	6.9
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	8.2	8.3	8.3	9.0	8.2	8.2
12-17	13.0	12.3	11.5	12.6	13.1	12.3
18-25	19.3	19.9	17.6	17.8	19.4	20.0
26 or Older	5.6	5.7	6.7	7.3	5.5	5.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.106A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	120,934 ^b	126,028	5,081 ^a	5,975	115,852 ^a	120,053
12-17	4,436 ^a	4,191	259	289	4,177 ^a	3,902
18-25	19,474	19,783	736	776	18,738	19,007
26 or Older	97,023 ^b	102,054	4,086 ^a	4,910	92,937 ^a	97,144
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	54,725	55,090	2,497 ^a	3,077	52,228	52,013
12-17	2,794 ^b	2,513	162	161	2,632 ^b	2,352
18-25	13,271	13,597	480	537	12,791	13,060
26 or Older	38,661	38,980	1,855 ^a	2,379	36,805	36,601
CIGARETTES						
Total	59,896	60,532	4,761	5,067	55,134	55,465
12-17	2,998 ^a	2,733	242	227	2,757 ^a	2,505
18-25	12,731	12,667	681	721	12,050	11,945
26 or Older	44,166	45,133	3,838	4,118	40,328	41,014

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.106B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	50.3 ^b	51.8	30.4 ^b	36.1	51.8 ^a	53.0
12-17	17.6 ^a	16.5	14.4	15.4	17.8 ^b	16.6
18-25	60.5	60.9	45.3	43.8	61.3	61.9
26 or Older	53.0 ^b	55.1	30.8 ^b	38.1	54.7 ^a	56.3
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	22.8	22.7	14.9 ^b	18.6	23.3	22.9
12-17	11.1 ^b	9.9	9.0	8.6	11.2 ^b	10.0
18-25	41.2	41.9	29.5	30.3	41.8	42.5
26 or Older	21.1	21.0	14.0 ^a	18.5	21.7	21.2
CIGARETTES						
Total	24.9	24.9	28.5	30.6	24.6	24.5
12-17	11.9 ^b	10.8	13.4	12.1	11.8 ^b	10.7
18-25	39.5	39.0	41.9	40.7	39.4	38.9
26 or Older	24.1	24.3	28.9	31.9	23.7	23.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

**Table 7.107A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group:
Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005**

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	22,506	22,218	1,267	1,361	21,239	20,857
12-17	2,228 ^a	2,038	133	143	2,096 ^a	1,894
18-25	6,840	7,069	363	343	6,477	6,726
26 or Older	13,438	13,111	772	875	12,666	12,236
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	7,298	6,833	687	668	6,610	6,165
12-17	1,347 ^a	1,186	81	92	1,266 ^b	1,094
18-25	2,684	2,728	198	151	2,487	2,577
26 or Older	3,267	2,918	409	425	2,858	2,494
ALCOHOL						
Total	18,654	18,658	869	969	17,784	17,689
12-17	1,517	1,407	81	80	1,436	1,327
18-25	5,609	5,692	252	255	5,357	5,436
26 or Older	11,528	11,560	536	634	10,992	10,926

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.107B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME (SSI)			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	9.4	9.1	7.6	8.2	9.5	9.2
12-17	8.8 ^a	8.0	7.3	7.7	9.0 ^a	8.1
18-25	21.2	21.8	22.3	19.4	21.2	21.9
26 or Older	7.3	7.1	5.8	6.8	7.5	7.1
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	3.0	2.8	4.1	4.0	3.0	2.7
12-17	5.3 ^a	4.7	4.5	4.9	5.4 ^b	4.7
18-25	8.3	8.4	12.1 ^a	8.5	8.1	8.4
26 or Older	1.8	1.6	3.1	3.3	1.7	1.4
ALCOHOL						
Total	7.8	7.7	5.2	5.9	7.9	7.8
12-17	6.0	5.5	4.5	4.3	6.1	5.7
18-25	17.4	17.5	15.5	14.4	17.5	17.7
26 or Older	6.3	6.2	4.0	4.9	6.5	6.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is defined as one or more household family members having received SSI during the prior calendar year. SSI is a program that makes assistance payments to low-income, aged, blind, and disabled persons.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.108A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	34,807	35,041	4,201	4,621	30,605	30,420
12-17	5,300 ^a	5,041	728 ^a	854	4,572 ^b	4,187
18-25	10,913	11,117	1,195	1,277	9,717	9,840
26 or Older	18,594	18,883	2,278	2,490	16,316	16,393
MARIJUANA						
Total	25,451	25,375	3,059	3,144	22,392	22,230
12-17	3,656 ^a	3,383	496	545	3,160 ^b	2,838
18-25	8,963	9,111	943	978	8,020	8,134
26 or Older	12,833	12,880	1,620	1,621	11,213	11,259
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	19,658	20,109	2,600	2,791	17,058	17,318
12-17	3,269	3,129	425	503	2,844 ^a	2,627
18-25	6,201	6,467	683	733	5,518	5,734
26 or Older	10,189	10,513	1,492	1,556	8,696	8,957

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.108B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	14.5	14.4	21.0	21.8	13.9	13.7
12-17	21.0 ^a	19.9	23.8	23.7	20.6 ^b	19.2
18-25	33.9	34.2	33.1	33.6	34.0	34.3
26 or Older	10.2	10.2	17.1	18.1	9.6	9.6
MARIJUANA						
Total	10.6	10.4	15.3	14.9	10.2	10.0
12-17	14.5 ^b	13.3	16.2	15.2	14.3 ^b	13.0
18-25	27.8	28.0	26.1	25.7	28.1	28.4
26 or Older	7.0	6.9	12.2	11.8	6.6	6.6
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	8.2	8.3	13.0	13.2	7.7	7.8
12-17	13.0	12.3	13.9	14.0	12.8	12.1
18-25	19.3	19.9	18.9	19.3	19.3	20.0
26 or Older	5.6	5.7	11.2	11.3	5.1	5.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.109A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	120,934 ^b	126,028	7,026 ^a	7,758	113,908 ^a	118,270
12-17	4,436 ^a	4,191	453	513	3,983 ^a	3,678
18-25	19,474	19,783	1,789	1,760	17,685	18,023
26 or Older	97,023 ^b	102,054	4,784 ^a	5,485	92,239 ^a	96,569
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	54,725	55,090	4,421	4,823	50,304	50,267
12-17	2,794 ^b	2,513	271	310	2,523 ^b	2,203
18-25	13,271	13,597	1,170	1,130	12,101	12,467
26 or Older	38,661	38,980	2,980	3,383	35,680	35,597
CIGARETTES						
Total	59,896	60,532	7,812 ^a	8,606	52,084	51,926
12-17	2,998 ^a	2,733	384 ^a	481	2,615 ^b	2,252
18-25	12,731	12,667	1,724	1,903	11,008	10,764
26 or Older	44,166	45,133	5,705	6,222	38,462	38,910

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.109B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	50.3 ^b	51.8	35.2	36.7	51.6 ^b	53.3
12-17	17.6 ^a	16.5	14.8	14.3	18.0 ^a	16.9
18-25	60.5	60.9	49.5	46.3	61.9	62.8
26 or Older	53.0 ^b	55.1	36.0	39.9	54.3 ^b	56.3
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	22.8	22.7	22.1	22.8	22.8	22.6
12-17	11.1 ^b	9.9	8.9	8.6	11.4 ^b	10.1
18-25	41.2	41.9	32.4	29.7	42.3	43.5
26 or Older	21.1	21.0	22.4	24.6	21.0	20.7
CIGARETTES						
Total	24.9	24.9	39.1	40.7	23.6	23.4
12-17	11.9 ^b	10.8	12.5	13.4	11.8 ^b	10.4
18-25	39.5	39.0	47.7	50.0	38.5	37.5
26 or Older	24.1	24.3	42.9	45.2	22.6	22.7

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.110A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	22,506	22,218	2,459	2,431	20,047	19,788
12-17	2,228 ^a	2,038	283	282	1,945 ^a	1,756
18-25	6,840	7,069	638	682	6,202	6,386
26 or Older	13,438	13,111	1,538	1,467	11,899	11,645
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	7,298	6,833	1,244	1,268	6,054	5,564
12-17	1,347 ^a	1,186	188	182	1,159 ^a	1,004
18-25	2,684	2,728	327	333	2,357	2,395
26 or Older	3,267	2,918	729	753	2,538	2,166
ALCOHOL						
Total	18,654	18,658	1,738	1,687	16,916	16,971
12-17	1,517	1,407	171	164	1,346	1,243
18-25	5,609	5,692	478	470	5,131	5,222
26 or Older	11,528	11,560	1,089	1,054	10,439	10,506

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.110B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Food Stamps and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	9.4	9.1	12.3	11.5	9.1	8.9
12-17	8.8 ^a	8.0	9.3	7.8	8.8	8.1
18-25	21.2	21.8	17.6	17.9	21.7	22.3
26 or Older	7.3	7.1	11.6	10.7	7.0	6.8
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	3.0	2.8	6.2	6.0	2.7 ^a	2.5
12-17	5.3 ^a	4.7	6.2	5.1	5.2 ^a	4.6
18-25	8.3	8.4	9.1	8.8	8.2	8.3
26 or Older	1.8	1.6	5.5	5.5	1.5	1.3
ALCOHOL						
Total	7.8	7.7	8.7	8.0	7.7	7.6
12-17	6.0	5.5	5.6	4.6	6.1	5.7
18-25	17.4	17.5	13.2	12.3	18.0	18.2
26 or Older	6.3	6.2	8.2	7.7	6.1	6.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Food Stamps is defined as one or more household family members having received food stamps during the prior calendar year. The food stamp program provides government-issued coupons that can be used to purchase food.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.111A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	34,807	35,041	1,645	1,786	33,162	33,255
12-17	5,300 ^a	5,041	333	333	4,967	4,708
18-25	10,913	11,117	505	598	10,408	10,519
26 or Older	18,594	18,883	807	855	17,787	18,028
MARIJUANA						
Total	25,451	25,375	1,143	1,253	24,308	24,122
12-17	3,656 ^a	3,383	232	214	3,424 ^a	3,170
18-25	8,963	9,111	414	441	8,548	8,671
26 or Older	12,833	12,880	497	598	12,336	12,282
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	19,658	20,109	1,041	1,007	18,618	19,103
12-17	3,269	3,129	207	188	3,062	2,941
18-25	6,201	6,467	272	343	5,928	6,124
26 or Older	10,189	10,513	561	476	9,627	10,038

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.111B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	14.5	14.4	23.0	25.1	14.2	14.1
12-17	21.0 ^a	19.9	27.8	25.4	20.7 ^a	19.6
18-25	33.9	34.2	33.1 ^a	39.3	33.9	34.0
26 or Older	10.2	10.2	18.2	20.0	10.0	10.0
MARIJUANA						
Total	10.6	10.4	16.0	17.6	10.4	10.2
12-17	14.5 ^b	13.3	19.4	16.3	14.3 ^a	13.2
18-25	27.8	28.0	27.1	29.0	27.9	28.0
26 or Older	7.0	6.9	11.2	14.0	6.9	6.8
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	8.2	8.3	14.6	14.2	8.0	8.1
12-17	13.0	12.3	17.3	14.4	12.7	12.2
18-25	19.3	19.9	17.8 ^a	22.6	19.3	19.8
26 or Older	5.6	5.7	12.7	11.1	5.4	5.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

**Table 7.112A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group:
Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005**

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	120,934 ^b	126,028	2,671	2,665	118,263 ^a	123,363
12-17	4,436 ^a	4,191	187	169	4,249	4,023
18-25	19,474	19,783	748	690	18,726	19,092
26 or Older	97,023 ^b	102,054	1,735	1,806	95,288 ^a	100,248
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	54,725	55,090	1,488	1,605	53,237	53,485
12-17	2,794 ^b	2,513	110	117	2,684 ^b	2,396
18-25	13,271	13,597	493	455	12,778	13,142
26 or Older	38,661	38,980	885	1,033	37,775	37,947
CIGARETTES						
Total	59,896	60,532	2,612	2,796	57,284	57,736
12-17	2,998 ^a	2,733	167	172	2,831 ^a	2,561
18-25	12,731	12,667	742	796	11,990	11,871
26 or Older	44,166	45,133	1,703	1,828	42,463	43,305

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.112B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	50.3 ^b	51.8	37.4	37.5	50.7 ^b	52.2
12-17	17.6 ^a	16.5	15.6	12.9	17.7 ^a	16.7
18-25	60.5	60.9	49.0	45.4	61.1	61.7
26 or Older	53.0 ^b	55.1	39.2	42.2	53.3 ^b	55.4
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	22.8	22.7	20.8	22.6	22.8	22.7
12-17	11.1 ^b	9.9	9.2	9.0	11.2 ^b	10.0
18-25	41.2	41.9	32.3	29.9	41.7	42.4
26 or Older	21.1	21.0	20.0	24.1	21.1	21.0
CIGARETTES						
Total	24.9	24.9	36.5	39.3	24.5	24.5
12-17	11.9 ^b	10.8	14.0	13.1	11.8 ^b	10.7
18-25	39.5	39.0	48.6	52.4	39.1	38.3
26 or Older	24.1	24.3	38.5	42.7	23.8	23.9

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.113A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	22,506	22,218	968	950	21,538	21,268
12-17	2,228 ^a	2,038	140	104	2,088	1,934
18-25	6,840	7,069	307	298	6,533	6,771
26 or Older	13,438	13,111	521	548	12,917	12,564
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	7,298	6,833	508	517	6,790	6,316
12-17	1,347 ^a	1,186	94	72	1,252 ^a	1,114
18-25	2,684	2,728	167	162	2,517	2,566
26 or Older	3,267	2,918	246	283	3,020	2,635
ALCOHOL						
Total	18,654	18,658	690	626	17,964	18,032
12-17	1,517	1,407	80	53	1,437	1,354
18-25	5,609	5,692	226	198	5,383	5,494
26 or Older	11,528	11,560	384	376	11,144	11,184

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.113B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Cash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED CASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	9.4	9.1	13.5	13.4	9.2	9.0
12-17	8.8 ^a	8.0	11.7 ^a	7.9	8.7	8.0
18-25	21.2	21.8	20.1	19.6	21.3	21.9
26 or Older	7.3	7.1	11.8	12.8	7.2	6.9
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	3.0	2.8	7.1	7.3	2.9 ^a	2.7
12-17	5.3 ^a	4.7	7.9	5.5	5.2 ^a	4.6
18-25	8.3	8.4	11.0	10.7	8.2	8.3
26 or Older	1.8	1.6	5.6	6.6	1.7	1.5
ALCOHOL						
Total	7.8	7.7	9.7	8.8	7.7	7.6
12-17	6.0	5.5	6.7 ^a	4.0	6.0	5.6
18-25	17.4	17.5	14.8	13.0	17.6	17.7
26 or Older	6.3	6.2	8.7	8.8	6.2	6.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Cash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received cash assistance during the prior calendar year. Cash assistance refers to receiving cash due to low income, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), welfare, or public assistance.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.114A Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	34,807	35,041	1,848	1,980	32,959	33,060
12-17	5,300 ^a	5,041	308	279	4,992	4,762
18-25	10,913	11,117	650	726	10,263	10,391
26 or Older	18,594	18,883	890	975	17,704	17,907
MARIJUANA						
Total	25,451	25,375	1,319	1,426	24,133	23,949
12-17	3,656 ^a	3,383	217	193	3,439 ^a	3,191
18-25	8,963	9,111	505	552	8,458	8,559
26 or Older	12,833	12,880	597	681	12,235	12,199
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	19,658	20,109	1,158	1,151	18,500	18,959
12-17	3,269	3,129	171	157	3,098	2,973
18-25	6,201	6,467	382	416	5,818	6,051
26 or Older	10,189	10,513	604	578	9,584	9,935

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.114B Illicit Drug Use, Marijuana Use, and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Drug/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS¹						
Total	14.5	14.4	21.9	21.9	14.2	14.1
12-17	21.0 ^a	19.9	25.2	23.7	20.8 ^a	19.7
18-25	33.9	34.2	34.0	37.5	33.9	34.0
26 or Older	10.2	10.2	16.7	16.4	10.0	10.0
MARIJUANA						
Total	10.6	10.4	15.6	15.8	10.4	10.2
12-17	14.5 ^b	13.3	17.7	16.4	14.3 ^b	13.2
18-25	27.8	28.0	26.4	28.6	27.9	28.0
26 or Older	7.0	6.9	11.2	11.5	6.9	6.8
ILLCIT DRUGS OTHER THAN MARIJUANA¹						
Total	8.2	8.3	13.7	12.7	8.0	8.1
12-17	13.0	12.3	14.0	13.3	12.9	12.3
18-25	19.3	19.9	20.0	21.5	19.2	19.8
26 or Older	5.6	5.7	11.4	9.8	5.4	5.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.115A Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	120,934 ^b	126,028	3,552	4,037	117,382 ^a	121,992
12-17	4,436 ^a	4,191	198	165	4,238	4,027
18-25	19,474	19,783	1,025	1,003	18,449	18,780
26 or Older	97,023 ^b	102,054	2,329 ^a	2,869	94,695 ^a	99,185
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	54,725	55,090	2,025	2,236	52,700	52,854
12-17	2,794 ^b	2,513	115	109	2,679 ^b	2,404
18-25	13,271	13,597	642	613	12,629	12,984
26 or Older	38,661	38,980	1,269	1,515	37,392	37,465
CIGARETTES						
Total	59,896	60,532	2,944 ^a	3,414	56,952	57,118
12-17	2,998 ^a	2,733	163	142	2,835 ^a	2,591
18-25	12,731	12,667	853	903	11,878	11,764
26 or Older	44,166	45,133	1,928 ^a	2,369	42,238	42,764

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.115B Alcohol Use, Binge Alcohol Use, and Cigarette Use in the Past Month, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Month Substance/Age	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ALCOHOL						
Total	50.3 ^b	51.8	42.0	44.6	50.6 ^b	52.1
12-17	17.6 ^a	16.5	16.2	14.0	17.7 ^a	16.7
18-25	60.5	60.9	53.7	51.9	60.9	61.5
26 or Older	53.0 ^b	55.1	43.8	48.4	53.3 ^b	55.3
BINGE ALCOHOL¹						
Total	22.8	22.7	24.0	24.7	22.7	22.6
12-17	11.1 ^b	9.9	9.4	9.2	11.2 ^b	9.9
18-25	41.2	41.9	33.6	31.7	41.7	42.5
26 or Older	21.1	21.0	23.8	25.6	21.0	20.9
CIGARETTES						
Total	24.9	24.9	34.8	37.8	24.5	24.4
12-17	11.9 ^b	10.8	13.3	12.0	11.8 ^b	10.7
18-25	39.5	39.0	44.7	46.7	39.2	38.5
26 or Older	24.1	24.3	36.2	40.0	23.8	23.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking 5 or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.116A Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	22,506	22,218	1,196	1,190	21,310	21,028
12-17	2,228 ^a	2,038	122	94	2,106	1,944
18-25	6,840	7,069	409	414	6,431	6,655
26 or Older	13,438	13,111	664	682	12,773	12,429
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	7,298	6,833	608	559	6,690	6,274
12-17	1,347 ^a	1,186	76	59	1,270 ^a	1,128
18-25	2,684	2,728	193	204	2,492	2,525
26 or Older	3,267	2,918	339	296	2,928	2,622
ALCOHOL						
Total	18,654	18,658	835	819	17,818	17,840
12-17	1,517	1,407	81 ^a	48	1,436	1,358
18-25	5,609	5,692	308	288	5,301	5,404
26 or Older	11,528	11,560	447	482	11,081	11,077

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 7.116B Substance Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Past Year Dependence or Abuse/Age ¹	Total		HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED NONCASH ASSISTANCE			
			Yes		No	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
ILLCIT DRUGS OR ALCOHOL²						
Total	9.4	9.1	14.1	13.2	9.2	9.0
12-17	8.8 ^a	8.0	10.0	7.9	8.8 ^a	8.0
18-25	21.2	21.8	21.4	21.4	21.2	21.8
26 or Older	7.3	7.1	12.5	11.5	7.2	6.9
ILLCIT DRUGS²						
Total	3.0	2.8	7.2	6.2	2.9	2.7
12-17	5.3 ^a	4.7	6.2	5.0	5.3 ^a	4.7
18-25	8.3	8.4	10.1	10.5	8.2	8.3
26 or Older	1.8	1.6	6.4	5.0	1.6	1.5
ALCOHOL						
Total	7.8	7.7	9.9	9.1	7.7	7.6
12-17	6.0	5.5	6.6 ^a	4.1	6.0	5.6
18-25	17.4	17.5	16.1	14.9	17.5	17.7
26 or Older	6.3	6.2	8.4	8.1	6.2	6.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Household Receipt of Noncash Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received noncash assistance during the prior calendar year.

Noncash assistance refers to assistance due to low income, such as help getting a job, placement in an education or job training program, or help with transportation, child care, or housing.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

² Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.