

Table 6.45A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Gender/Age Category	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	3,477	3,432	1,219	1,149	2,225	2,191	895	822
12	274	300	83	84	151	169	55	55
13	452	388	145	120	294	247	114	81
14	580	548	175	197	360	363	124	141
15	672	674	221	259	423	448	154	188
16	736	757	283	221	500	477	220 ^a	164
17	763	765	312	267	497	487	229	194
MALE	1,074	999	352	315	637	571	239	193
12	104	98	*	*	47	56	*	*
13	153 ^a	101	51	*	85 ^a	49	*	*
14	163	150	46	38	88	92	*	*
15	220 ^a	149	65	58	144 ^a	95	50	*
16	192	233	64	55	113	130	42	36
17	243	269	91	86	160	150	69	48
FEMALE	2,403	2,433	867	834	1,588	1,620	656	629
12	170	202	48	47	104	113	*	*
13	299	287	94	79	209	199	75	58
14	416	399	129	160	271	271	105	116
15	453	525	156	200	279 ^a	353	104 ^a	150
16	545	525	219	166	387	347	177 ^a	127
17	520	496	221	181	337	337	160	146

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 6.45B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Gender and Detailed Age Category: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Gender/Age Category	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	14.0	13.7	35.3	33.8	9.0	8.8	40.3	37.8
12	7.1	7.7	30.5	28.3	3.9	4.3	36.2	32.3
13	10.5	9.3	32.5	32.0	6.8	6.0	39.2	33.3
14	13.4	12.8	30.3	36.7	8.3	8.5	34.5	39.6
15	15.8	15.6	33.2	38.6	10.0	10.4	36.4	42.2
16	18.0	17.7	38.6 ^b	29.3	12.2	11.2	44.0 ^a	34.3
17	18.9	18.7	40.9	35.0	12.4	11.9	46.0	39.8
MALE	8.5	7.8	33.1	31.9	5.0	4.5	37.7	34.1
12	5.4	5.0	*	*	2.4	2.9	*	*
13	6.9 ^a	4.7	34.6	*	3.8 ^a	2.3	*	*
14	7.5	6.7	28.3	26.2	4.1	4.1	*	*
15	9.9 ^a	6.9	30.4	39.0	6.5 ^a	4.4	34.8	*
16	9.3	10.4	33.5	23.5	5.5	5.8	37.5	27.8
17	11.7	12.8	37.4	32.1	7.7	7.1	43.1	32.0
FEMALE	19.7	19.9	36.2	34.6	13.1	13.3	41.3	39.0
12	8.7	10.3	28.6	23.7	5.4	5.8	*	*
13	14.2	14.2	31.5	28.3	10.0	9.9	35.6	29.8
14	19.4	19.4	31.1	40.5	12.7	13.2	38.9	43.1
15	22.3	24.4	34.6	38.5	13.8	16.4	37.3	42.7
16	26.9	25.8	40.4 ^a	32.0	19.1	17.1	45.9	36.8
17	26.8	24.9	42.5	36.5	17.4	17.1	47.3	43.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 6.46A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Age Category	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	31,603	30,791	16,653	15,689	17,087	15,772	11,129	10,309
18	667	668	273	260	431	416	205	188
19	594	619	197	235	391	398	155	172
20	715	661	242	271	484	454	192	217
21	639	620	257	265	392	374	211	186
22	639	616	207	281	366	383	164	201
23	639	673	244	237	394	406	187	176
24	713	589	283	243	401	366	206	185
25	690	611	286	252	378	338	*	179
26-49	17,875 ^b	15,918	9,739 ^b	8,070	9,750 ^b	8,358	6,527 ^a	5,500
50 or Older	8,431	9,817	4,924	5,574	4,099	4,280	3,102	3,305

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates for 2004 in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older, while 2005 estimates are based on all respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2005 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample) and 2005.

Table 6.46B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Age Category	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	14.8	14.2	52.7	51.1	8.0 ^a	7.3	65.1	65.6
18	14.1	14.7	41.0	39.2	9.1	9.2	47.6	45.1
19	15.9	14.5	33.1	38.0	10.5	9.4	39.5	43.2
20	17.8	16.3	33.9	41.2	12.1	11.2	39.7	47.9
21	16.3	15.5	40.2	42.8	10.0	9.3	53.8	49.9
22	16.5	15.3	32.6 ^a	45.8	9.5	9.5	44.9	52.9
23	16.6	17.4	38.2	35.3	10.3	10.5	47.3	43.3
24	18.0	16.0	39.6	41.3	10.1	9.9	51.4	50.6
25	18.0	16.0	41.5	41.4	9.9	8.9	*	53.0
26-49	18.0 ^b	16.0	54.5	50.7	9.8 ^b	8.4	66.9	65.8
50 or Older	10.2	11.6	58.4	57.3	5.0	5.1	75.7	78.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates for 2004 in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older, while 2005 estimates are based on all respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2005 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample) and 2005.

Table 6.47A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Gender/Age	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	31,603	30,791	16,653	15,689	17,087	15,772	11,129	10,309
18-25	5,297	5,057	1,990	2,045	3,238	3,135	1,500	1,504
26-49	17,875 ^b	15,918	9,739 ^b	8,070	9,750 ^b	8,358	6,527 ^a	5,500
50 or Older	8,431	9,817	4,924	5,574	4,099	4,280	3,102	3,305
MALE	10,114	10,817	4,430	4,475	5,722	5,397	3,157	2,998
18-25	1,902	1,803	577	534	1,122	1,060	425	406
26-49	5,624	5,837	2,430	2,386	3,207	3,055	1,690	1,665
50 or Older	2,588	3,177	*	1,555	1,393	1,282	*	927
FEMALE	21,489	19,975	12,223	11,214	11,365	10,375	7,972	7,311
18-25	3,395	3,254	1,412	1,510	2,116	2,074	1,075	1,099
26-49	12,251 ^b	10,081	7,309 ^b	5,684	6,543 ^b	5,303	4,837 ^b	3,835
50 or Older	5,843	6,640	3,502	4,019	2,706	2,998	*	2,378

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates for 2004 in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older, while 2005 estimates are based on all respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2005 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample) and 2005.

Table 6.47B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Gender/Age	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	14.8	14.2	52.7	51.1	8.0 ^a	7.3	65.1	65.6
18-25	16.6	15.7	37.6	40.5	10.1	9.7	46.3	48.0
26-49	18.0 ^b	16.0	54.5	50.7	9.8 ^b	8.4	66.9	65.8
50 or Older	10.2	11.6	58.4	57.3	5.0	5.1	75.7	78.2
MALE	9.8	10.4	43.8	41.5	5.6	5.2	55.2	55.6
18-25	11.9	11.1	30.4	29.7	7.0	6.6	37.9	38.3
26-49	11.5	11.9	43.2	40.9	6.6	6.2	52.7	54.5
50 or Older	6.8	8.1	*	49.2	3.7	3.3	*	72.3
FEMALE	19.4 ^a	17.8	56.9	56.4	10.3	9.3	70.1	70.9
18-25	21.3	20.3	41.6 ^a	46.5	13.3	12.9	50.8	53.0
26-49	24.4 ^b	20.0	59.7	56.5	13.0 ^b	10.5	73.9	72.3
50 or Older	13.2	14.6	59.9	61.2	6.1	6.6	*	80.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates for 2004 in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older, while 2005 estimates are based on all respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2005 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample) and 2005.

Table 6.48A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Hispanic Origin and Race	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	3,477	3,432	1,219	1,149	2,225	2,191	895	822
Not Hispanic or Latino	2,847	2,828	1,022	985	1,848	1,802	756	700
White	2,135	2,118	842	763	1,413	1,390	633 ^a	544
Black or African American	485	511	121	159	287	288	82	113
American Indian or Alaska Native	20	15	*	*	13	10	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	128	95	*	*	82	63	*	*
Two or More Races	78	75	*	*	51	41	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	630	604	198	164	377	389	139	122

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 6.48B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Hispanic Origin and Race	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	14.0	13.7	35.3	33.8	9.0	8.8	40.3	37.8
Not Hispanic or Latino	13.7	13.6	36.1	35.2	8.9	8.7	41.0	39.0
White	13.9	13.9	39.7	36.2	9.2	9.1	44.9 ^a	39.3
Black or African American	12.9	13.5	25.1	31.7	7.7	7.6	28.9	39.3
American Indian or Alaska Native	12.0	9.3	*	*	7.8	6.1	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	13.0	9.1	*	*	8.3	6.0	*	*
Two or More Races	17.9	19.0	*	*	11.7	10.5	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	15.2	14.1	31.4	27.5	9.1	9.1	36.8	31.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 6.49A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Demographic Characteristic	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	31,603	30,791	16,653	15,689	17,087	15,772	11,129	10,309
GENDER								
Male	10,114	10,817	4,430	4,475	5,722	5,397	3,157	2,998
Female	21,489	19,975	12,223	11,214	11,365	10,375	7,972	7,311
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	28,944	27,689	15,235	14,392	15,379 ^a	13,854	10,142	9,346
White	24,636	23,705	13,186	12,587	12,788 ^a	11,534	8,589	8,054
Black or African American	2,764	2,587	1,375	1,211	1,687	1,585	1,008	864
American Indian or Alaska Native	102	172	*	*	84	104	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	802	734	*	*	428	324	*	*
Two or More Races	506	387	*	195	314	221	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	2,658	3,103	1,418	1,297	1,708	1,918	987	963
EDUCATION								
< High School	4,175	4,074	2,290	2,173	2,917	2,586	1,853	1,533
High School Graduate	8,987	8,818	4,470	4,445	5,174	4,781	3,002	3,097
Some College	9,847	9,048	5,253	4,691	5,541 ^a	4,631	3,677	2,999
College Graduate	8,594	8,851	4,641	4,379	3,455	3,775	2,597	2,681
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	17,628	16,199	8,374	7,258	9,053 ^b	7,545	5,318 ^a	4,466
Part-Time	4,870	4,472	2,488	2,373	2,464	2,314	1,605	1,549
Unemployed	1,413	1,557	681	808	836	1,085	*	647
Other ³	7,691	8,563	5,110	5,250	4,733	4,829	3,757	3,647
MARITAL STATUS								
Married	14,697	14,415	7,876	7,321	7,073	6,407	5,174	4,673
Widowed	1,443	1,660	*	1,006	888	813	*	*
Divorced or Separated	6,502	5,932	3,659	3,383	3,770	3,331	2,461	2,314
Never Married	8,961	8,785	4,213	3,979	5,356	5,221	2,768	2,716

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates for 2004 in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older, while 2005 estimates are based on all respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2005 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*.

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample) and 2005.

Table 6.49B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Demographic Characteristic	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	14.8	14.2	52.7	51.1	8.0 ^a	7.3	65.1	65.6
GENDER								
Male	9.8	10.4	43.8	41.5	5.6	5.2	55.2	55.6
Female	19.4 ^a	17.8	56.9	56.4	10.3	9.3	70.1	70.9
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	15.5	14.7	52.6	52.2	8.2 ^a	7.3	66.0	67.7
White	16.3	15.6	53.5	53.2	8.4 ^a	7.6	67.2	69.8
Black or African American	11.7	10.5	49.8	48.1	7.1	6.5	59.8	56.4
American Indian or Alaska Native	9.8	15.6	*	*	8.1	9.4	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	9.4	8.3	*	*	5.0	3.6	*	*
Two or More Races	28.6 ^a	17.6	*	50.6	17.9	10.1	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	10.1	11.3	53.3 ^a	41.8	6.5	7.0	57.8	50.2
EDUCATION								
< High School	11.5	11.5	54.8	53.7	8.0	7.3	63.5	59.5
High School Graduate	13.3	13.0	49.8	50.5	7.6	7.0	58.0	64.8
Some College	18.7 ^a	16.5	53.4	51.9	10.5 ^b	8.4	66.4	64.8
College Graduate	15.1	15.2	54.0	49.8	6.1	6.5	75.2	71.9
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	14.8 ^a	13.5	47.5	45.0	7.6 ^b	6.3	58.7	59.6
Part-Time	17.3	15.9	51.1	53.1	8.8	8.2	65.1	67.0
Unemployed	19.1	20.6	48.2	52.0	11.3	14.4	*	59.7
Other ³	13.0	14.1	66.4	61.5	8.0	8.0	79.4	75.7
MARITAL STATUS								
Married	12.1	11.8	53.6	50.8	5.8	5.3	73.2	72.9
Widowed	11.6	12.3	*	63.2	7.1	6.0	*	*
Divorced or Separated	23.1	20.9	56.3	57.2	13.4	11.8	65.3	69.5
Never Married	17.3	16.7	47.1	45.3	10.4	10.0	51.7	52.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates for 2004 in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older, while 2005 estimates are based on all respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2005 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample) and 2005.

Table 6.50A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	3,477	3,432	1,219	1,149	2,225	2,191	895	822
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	636	561	245	236	437	370	191	167
Midwest	772	742	287	271	487	469	201	186
South	1,216	1,251	392	360	756	777	294	270
West	853	877	295	282	545	575	208	199
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	1,822	1,823	625	631	1,135	1,178	451	454
Small Metro	1,086	981	394 ^b	292	717 ^a	609	294 ^b	206
Nonmetro	569	629	201	225	373	404	150	162
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	645	593	206	206	402	399	135	157
\$20,000 - \$49,999	1,226	1,215	450 ^a	369	778	754	330 ^a	261
\$50,000 - \$74,999	668	675	239	232	451	459	186	162
\$75,000 or More	937	949	325	342	594	580	243	242
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³								
Yes	697	723	260	261	419	454	176	187
No	2,780	2,709	959	889	1,806	1,737	719	635
HEALTH INSURANCE⁴								
Private	2,298	2,257	827	773	1,507	1,433	620	545
Medicaid/CHIP ⁵	883	866	319	306	555	555	227	219
Other ⁶	178	157	60	*	102	97	38	*
No Coverage	261	286	63	74	143	179	38	57
OVERALL HEALTH⁷								
Excellent	865	798	259	240	534	495	179	171
Very Good	1,474	1,469	501	479	960	941	376	354
Good	939	945	365	339	603	621	270	238
Fair/Poor	199	219	95	90	127	134	*	59

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 6.50B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	14.0	13.7	35.3	33.8	9.0	8.8	40.3	37.8
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	14.2	12.5	38.9	42.6	9.8	8.3	43.8	45.6
Midwest	13.7	13.3	37.4	36.8	8.7	8.4	41.4	39.8
South	13.7	14.0	32.5	29.0	8.5	8.7	39.1	34.8
West	14.4	14.6	34.6	32.5	9.2	9.6	38.2	35.0
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	13.8	13.5	34.5	35.1	8.6	8.8	39.8	38.9
Small Metro	14.4	13.3	36.4 ^a	30.0	9.5	8.3	41.1 ^a	34.0
Nonmetro	13.7	15.0	35.6	36.0	9.0	9.7	40.3	40.1
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	14.2	13.4	32.3	35.0	8.9	9.0	33.9	39.4
\$20,000 - \$49,999	14.5	14.7	36.8 ^a	30.8	9.2	9.2	42.4 ^a	34.9
\$50,000 - \$74,999	13.9	14.4	35.8	34.7	9.4	9.8	41.5	35.6
\$75,000 or More	13.2	12.4	34.8	36.3	8.4	7.6	41.0	42.0
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³								
Yes	15.1	14.5	37.6	36.6	9.1	9.1	42.1	41.5
No	13.7	13.5	34.7	33.1	8.9	8.7	39.9	36.8
HEALTH INSURANCE⁴								
Private	13.9	13.5	36.2	34.6	9.1	8.6	41.2	38.2
Medicaid/CHIP ⁵	14.2	13.8	36.4	35.8	8.9	8.9	41.1	39.9
Other ⁶	17.0	15.8	34.1	*	9.8	9.9	37.3	*
No Coverage	13.1	14.6	24.3	26.0	7.2	9.2	26.9	31.6
OVERALL HEALTH⁷								
Excellent	10.1	9.6	30.0	30.4	6.2	6.0	33.6	34.8
Very Good	14.4	14.1	34.2	32.9	9.4	9.1	39.2	37.7
Good	18.1	17.5	39.1	36.4	11.6	11.6	44.9	38.8
Fair/Poor	23.5	22.8	48.3	41.5	15.2	14.0	*	44.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 and 2005.

Table 6.51A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2004 and 2005

Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	31,603	30,791	16,653	15,689	17,087	15,772	11,129	10,309
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	5,932	5,602	3,222	3,130	3,237	2,819	2,133	1,936
Midwest	6,928	7,482	3,548	3,843	3,888	3,857	2,498	2,539
South	11,310	10,750	6,046	5,553	5,832	5,636	3,808	3,792
West	7,433	6,957	3,838	3,163	4,129	3,461	2,690	2,043
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	16,626	15,834	8,435	7,648	8,931	7,955	5,664	4,876
Small Metro	9,732	9,833	5,640	5,157	5,199	4,986	3,511	3,410
Nonmetro	5,245	5,124	2,577	2,884	2,956	2,831	1,954	2,024
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	6,922	7,231	3,759	4,101	4,630	4,710	2,806	3,000
\$20,000 - \$49,999	10,542	10,294	5,548	5,223	5,796	5,415	3,596	3,447
\$50,000 - \$74,999	5,785	5,558	3,168	2,862	2,951	2,624	2,049	1,855
\$75,000 or More	8,354	7,709	4,178	3,503	3,709	3,023	2,679 ^a	2,008
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³								
Yes	5,631	6,172	3,426	3,874	3,865	4,120	2,501	2,886
No	25,972	24,619	13,227	11,814	13,222 ^a	11,652	8,628 ^a	7,424
HEALTH INSURANCE⁴								
Private	21,806 ^a	19,873	11,730 ^b	9,761	10,671 ^b	8,623	7,504 ^b	5,815
Medicaid/CHIP ⁵	2,924 ^b	3,833	1,936 ^a	2,669	2,090 ^a	2,723	1,553	2,078
Other ⁶	4,391 ^a	5,365	2,845	3,398	2,230	2,751	1,843	2,181
No Coverage	5,430	5,006	2,002	1,957	3,457	3,140	1,420	1,481
OVERALL HEALTH⁷								
Excellent	6,477 ^a	5,443	2,934 ^a	2,106	2,662	2,142	1,668	1,151
Very Good	10,896	10,663	5,013	4,911	5,499 ^a	4,605	3,178	2,824
Good	8,863	8,593	5,078	4,435	5,032	4,683	3,373	3,021
Fair/Poor	5,367	6,092	3,627	4,236	3,893	4,342	2,910	3,312

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates for 2004 in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older, while 2005 estimates are based on all respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2005 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample) and 2005.

Table 6.51B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Percentages, 2004 and 2005

Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic	Lifetime MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ²		Past Year MDE ¹		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ²	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
TOTAL	14.8	14.2	52.7	51.1	8.0 ^a	7.3	65.1	65.6
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	14.6	13.7	54.3	56.0	8.0	6.9	65.9	68.7
Midwest	14.3	15.4	51.2	51.5	8.1	7.9	64.3	65.8
South	14.8	13.8	53.5	51.8	7.6	7.2	65.3	67.4
West	15.5	14.2	51.6	45.8	8.6	7.1	65.1	59.8
COUNTY TYPE								
Large Metro	14.4	13.6	50.7	48.5	7.8	6.8	63.4	61.7
Small Metro	15.5	15.4	58.0	52.5	8.3	7.8	67.5	68.4
Nonmetro	14.7	14.2	49.1 ^a	56.5	8.3	7.8	66.1	71.7
FAMILY INCOME								
Less Than \$20,000	16.4	17.5	54.3	56.9	11.0	11.4	60.6	63.7
\$20,000 - \$49,999	13.8	13.7	52.6	51.1	7.6	7.2	62.0	64.3
\$50,000 - \$74,999	15.0	14.2	54.8	51.6	7.6	6.7	69.4	70.7
\$75,000 or More	14.8 ^a	12.7	50.0	45.5	6.6 ^b	5.0	72.2	66.5
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³								
Yes	18.6	19.6	60.8	63.4	12.8	13.1	64.7	71.0
No	14.2	13.3	50.9	48.1	7.2 ^b	6.3	65.3	63.7
HEALTH INSURANCE⁴								
Private	14.4 ^a	13.1	53.8 ^a	49.2	7.0 ^b	5.7	70.3	67.4
Medicaid/CHIP ⁵	17.5 ^a	21.4	66.2	69.9	12.5	15.2	74.3	76.5
Other ⁶	9.4	11.0	64.8	63.6	4.8	5.7	82.6	79.6
No Coverage	17.6	15.9	36.9	39.5	11.2	10.0	41.1	47.9
OVERALL HEALTH⁷								
Excellent	11.9	10.6	45.3	39.0	4.9	4.2	62.7	54.9
Very Good	14.6	13.5	46.0	46.1	7.4 ^b	5.8	57.8	61.3
Good	15.9	14.5	57.3	51.7	9.0	7.9	67.0	64.6
Fair/Poor	18.7 ^a	22.5	67.6	69.8	13.6	16.1	74.8	76.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates for 2004 in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older, while 2005 estimates are based on all respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2005 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

^a Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2005 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure were excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data were excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data were excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample) and 2005.