

**Table 6.80A Severity of Role Impairment as Measured by the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) (I), and Mean Number of Days in the Past Year in which Unable to Carry Out Normal Activities Due to Depression, by Overall Severity of Role Impairment (II), among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE): Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

SDS Role Domains (I)	SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT					
	Total <sup>1</sup>	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
Chores at Home	2,123	132	468	882	522	119
School or Work	2,126	91	408	814	648	166
Close Relationships with Family	2,173	68	366	686	787	266
Social Life	2,168	58	327	752	798	233
Overall <sup>2</sup>	2,213	10	112	560	1,045	486
	OVERALL SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT <sup>2</sup>					
	Total	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
<b>Mean Number of Days Unable to Carry Out Normal Activity in the Past Year (II)<sup>3</sup></b>	27.8	N/A	14.5	13.4	23.9	55.7

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

N/A: Not applicable.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: The Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) measures the impact of a disorder on a person's life. The SDS asks youths to give 0 to 10 ratings of the amount of impairment caused by the disorder in each of four role domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown severity of SDS role impairment data are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Overall role impairment is defined by the highest level of severity of role impairment reported across all four SDS role domains.

<sup>3</sup> Respondents with unknown data on the mean number of days that they were unable to carry out normal activities in the past year are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

**Table 6.80B Severity of Role Impairment as Measured by the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) (I), and Mean Number of Days in the Past Year in which Unable to Carry Out Normal Activities Due to Depression, by Overall Severity of Role Impairment (II), among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE): Percentages, 2004**

SDS Role Domains (I)	SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT					
	Total <sup>1</sup>	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
Chores at Home	100.0	6.2	22.0	41.6	24.6	5.6
School or Work	100.0	4.3	19.2	38.3	30.5	7.8
Close Relationships with Family	100.0	3.1	16.9	31.6	36.2	12.2
Social Life	100.0	2.7	15.1	34.7	36.8	10.7
Overall <sup>2</sup>	100.0	0.5	5.1	25.3	47.2	22.0
	OVERALL SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT <sup>2</sup>					
	Total	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
<b>Mean Number of Days Unable to Carry Out Normal Activity in the Past Year (II)<sup>3</sup></b>	27.8	N/A	14.5	13.4	23.9	55.7

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

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NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: The Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) measures the impact of a disorder on a person's life. The SDS asks youths to give 0 to 10 ratings of the amount of impairment caused by the disorder in each of four role domains: (1) chores at home, (2) school or work, (3) close relationships with family, and (4) social life.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown severity of SDS role impairment data are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Overall role impairment is defined by the highest level of severity of role impairment reported across all four SDS role domains.

<sup>3</sup> Respondents with unknown data on the mean number of days that they were unable to carry out normal activities in the past year are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

**Table 6.81A Severity of Role Impairment as Measured by the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) (I), and Mean Number of Days in the Past Year in which Unable to Carry Out Normal Activities Due to Depression, by Overall Severity of Role Impairment (II), among Persons Aged 18 or Older with Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE): Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

SDS Role Domains (I)	SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT					
	Total <sup>1</sup>	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
Home Management	16,417	428	2,337	6,051	5,846	1,755
Work	15,308	1,057	3,609	5,135	4,040	1,467
Close Relationships with Others	16,387	706	3,046	5,549	5,227	1,858
Social Life	16,347	545	2,511	5,156	5,839	2,295
Overall <sup>2</sup>	16,947	129	1,054	4,532	7,714	3,517
	OVERALL SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT <sup>2</sup>					
	Total	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
<b>Mean Number of Days Unable to Carry Out Normal Activity in the Past Year (II)<sup>3</sup></b>	52.9	N/A	*	18.9	46.8	120.3

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

N/A: Not applicable.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: The Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) measures the impact of a disorder on a person's life. The SDS asks adults to give 0 to 10 ratings of the amount of impairment caused by the disorder in each of four role domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown severity of SDS role impairment data are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Overall role impairment is defined by the highest level of severity of role impairment reported across all four SDS role domains.

<sup>3</sup> Respondents with unknown data on the mean number of days that they were unable to carry out normal activities in the past year are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.81B Severity of Role Impairment as Measured by the Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) (I), and Mean Number of Days in the Past Year in which Unable to Carry Out Normal Activities Due to Depression, by Overall Severity of Role Impairment (II), among Persons Aged 18 or Older with Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE): Percentages, 2004**

SDS Role Domains (I)	SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT					
	Total <sup>1</sup>	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
Home Management	100.0	2.6	14.2	36.9	35.6	10.7
Work	100.0	6.9	23.6	33.5	26.4	9.6
Close Relationships with Others	100.0	4.3	18.6	33.9	31.9	11.3
Social Life	100.0	3.3	15.4	31.5	35.7	14.0
Overall <sup>2</sup>	100.0	0.8	6.2	26.7	45.5	20.8
	OVERALL SEVERITY OF ROLE IMPAIRMENT <sup>2</sup>					
	Total	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Very Severe
<b>Mean Number of Days Unable to Carry Out Normal Activity in the Past Year (II)<sup>3</sup></b>	52.9	N/A	*	18.9	46.8	120.3

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NOTE: The Sheehan Disability Scale (SDS) measures the impact of a disorder on a person's life. The SDS asks adults to give 0 to 10 ratings of the amount of impairment caused by the disorder in each of four role domains: (1) home management, (2) work, (3) close relationships with others, and (4) social life.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown severity of SDS role impairment data are excluded.

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Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).