

**Table 6.59C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

Age Category	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>	
	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>	849	700	627	524
12	22	12	17	10
13	26	16	23	15
14	33	18	25	14
15	37	22	28	17
16	41	25	32	21
17	39	25	33	22
18	56	32	42	26
19	51	30	42	26
20	60	30	48	28
21	58	38	44	35
22	63	32	42	29
23	56	32	45	29
24	64	38	44	33
25	64	40	50	*
26-29	207	137	155	121
30-34	215	154	159	114
35-39	297	220	199	173
40-44	328	244	268	220
45-49	309	223	231	181
50-54	450	402	277	*
55-59	239	*	177	*
60-64	269	*	196	*
65 or Older	257	*	116	*

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.59D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

Age Category	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>	0.36	1.33	0.26	1.57
12	0.56	3.66	0.42	5.18
13	0.57	3.15	0.51	4.12
14	0.71	2.66	0.56	3.20
15	0.78	2.59	0.63	3.22
16	0.89	2.59	0.71	3.02
17	0.83	2.53	0.74	3.10
18	1.10	4.01	0.85	5.00
19	1.24	4.13	1.06	5.31
20	1.37	3.67	1.12	4.87
21	1.32	4.68	1.05	5.47
22	1.43	4.02	1.02	5.65
23	1.33	3.93	1.11	5.34
24	1.45	4.10	1.03	5.17
25	1.50	4.62	1.22	*
26-29	1.30	4.08	1.00	5.22
30-34	1.05	3.93	0.80	4.99
35-39	1.26	3.71	0.92	4.51
40-44	1.28	3.67	1.08	4.78
45-49	1.29	3.67	1.03	4.58
50-54	2.03	5.75	1.36	*
55-59	1.42	*	1.08	*
60-64	2.00	*	1.51	*
65 or Older	0.75	*	0.34	*

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.60C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

<b>Gender/Age</b>	<b>Lifetime MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>Past Year MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	849	700	627	524
12-17	82	52	62	41
18-25	152	96	117	83
26 or Older	823	690	610	518
<b>MALE</b>	463	340	362	276
12-17	43	26	32	20
18-25	94	56	74	46
26 or Older	449	330	344	267
<b>FEMALE</b>	719	619	521	448
12-17	62	43	51	35
18-25	117	74	94	66
26 or Older	700	615	511	444

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.60D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

Gender/Age	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>	0.36	1.33	0.26	1.57
12-17	0.33	1.18	0.25	1.38
18-25	0.48	1.46	0.37	1.93
26 or Older	0.45	1.71	0.34	2.08
<b>MALE</b>	0.40	2.29	0.31	2.85
12-17	0.34	1.90	0.25	2.56
18-25	0.59	2.59	0.46	3.34
26 or Older	0.52	2.93	0.40	3.72
<b>FEMALE</b>	0.59	1.64	0.42	1.81
12-17	0.51	1.41	0.42	1.67
18-25	0.73	1.80	0.59	2.37
26 or Older	0.74	2.11	0.54	2.41

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.61C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

Hispanic Origin and Race	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>	
	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>		Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	
<b>TOTAL</b>	849	700	627	524
Not Hispanic or Latino	801	671	579	493
White	745	621	518	439
Black or African American	255	194	195	164
American Indian or Alaska Native	32	*	31	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*
Asian	170	*	120	*
Two or More Races	99	*	87	*
Hispanic or Latino	251	193	214	156

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.61D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

Hispanic Origin and Race	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>	
	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>		Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	
<b>TOTAL</b>	0.36	1.33	0.26	1.57
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.39	1.42	0.28	1.66
White	0.45	1.51	0.31	1.74
Black or African American	0.93	4.09	0.71	4.99
American Indian or Alaska Native	2.69	*	2.60	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*
Asian	1.72	*	1.23	*
Two or More Races	3.48	*	3.42	*
Hispanic or Latino	0.82	3.83	0.70	4.95

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.62C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

Hispanic Origin and Race	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>	
	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>		Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	
<b>TOTAL</b>	82	52	62	41
Not Hispanic or Latino	71	47	56	38
White	67	40	53	33
Black or African American	35	16	26	13
American Indian or Alaska Native	4	*	3	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*
Asian	21	*	17	*
Two or More Races	13	*	10	*
Hispanic or Latino	37	21	28	17

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

**Table 6.62D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

Hispanic Origin and Race	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>	
	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>		Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	
<b>TOTAL</b>	0.33	1.18	0.25	1.38
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.34	1.27	0.27	1.48
White	0.39	1.37	0.31	1.62
Black or African American	0.83	2.81	0.63	3.60
American Indian or Alaska Native	2.80	*	2.03	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*
Asian	2.01	*	1.64	*
Two or More Races	2.36	*	2.15	*
Hispanic or Latino	0.89	2.77	0.67	3.63

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.



**Table 6.63C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

Demographic Characteristic	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime		Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past	
	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>	MDE <sup>2</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	Year MDE <sup>2</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>	847	697	614	520
<b>GENDER</b>				
Male	462	340	359	275
Female	715	615	512	444
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE</b>				
Not Hispanic or Latino	799	669	569	489
White	830	618	531	434
Black or African American	266	194	197	163
American Indian or Alaska Native	31	*	30	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*
Asian	165	*	119	*
Two or More Races	97	*	86	*
Hispanic or Latino	248	189	212	154
<b>EDUCATION</b>				
< High School	292	233	241	205
High School Graduate	451	315	335	252
Some College	492	360	367	300
College Graduate	570	450	315	283
<b>CURRENT EMPLOYMENT</b>				
Full-Time	721	516	468	357
Part-Time	319	247	207	186
Unemployed	156	108	105	*
Other <sup>3</sup>	464	390	360	330
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>				
Married	658	477	437	381
Widowed	203	*	157	*
Divorced or Separated	412	305	308	247
Never Married	476	371	289	201

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force are included in the Other Employment category.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.63D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

Demographic Characteristic	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>	0.40	1.46	0.29	1.75
<b>GENDER</b>				
Male	0.45	2.52	0.35	3.14
Female	0.65	1.80	0.46	2.03
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE</b>				
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.43	1.54	0.30	1.83
White	0.49	1.63	0.34	1.91
Black or African American	1.08	4.71	0.82	5.67
American Indian or Alaska Native	3.05	*	2.99	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*
Asian	1.87	*	1.36	*
Two or More Races	4.21	*	4.18	*
Hispanic or Latino	0.94	4.65	0.80	5.97
<b>EDUCATION</b>				
< High School	0.79	3.43	0.66	3.90
High School Graduate	0.65	2.40	0.49	3.12
Some College	0.83	2.44	0.67	3.06
College Graduate	0.88	3.11	0.53	3.58
<b>CURRENT EMPLOYMENT</b>				
Full-Time	0.55	2.09	0.38	2.55
Part-Time	1.02	3.38	0.72	4.04
Unemployed	1.97	5.47	1.40	*
Other <sup>3</sup>	0.74	2.79	0.60	2.81
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>				
Married	0.50	2.20	0.35	2.66
Widowed	1.62	*	1.27	*
Divorced or Separated	1.31	3.28	1.07	4.04
Never Married	0.80	2.56	0.52	2.66

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force are included in the Other Employment category.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.64C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>	849	700	627	524
<b>GEOGRAPHIC REGION</b>				
Northeast	319	269	283	227
Midwest	313	222	217	184
South	585	498	385	320
West	424	347	343	295
<b>COUNTY TYPE</b>				
Large Metro	756	564	501	393
Small Metro	486	368	347	294
Nonmetro	369	247	271	218
<b>FAMILY INCOME</b>				
Less Than \$20,000	390	301	315	260
\$20,000 - \$49,999	469	352	354	275
\$50,000 - \$74,999	378	306	294	257
\$75,000 or More	582	429	313	267
<b>GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE<sup>3</sup></b>				
Yes	368	292	309	247
No	861	634	564	462
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE<sup>4</sup></b>				
Private	807	625	526	453
Medicaid/CHIP <sup>5</sup>	261	211	235	201
Other <sup>6</sup>	366	283	232	213
No Coverage	338	213	265	177
<b>OVERALL HEALTH<sup>7</sup></b>				
Excellent	421	308	273	245
Very Good	499	327	338	259
Good	533	438	338	273
Fair/Poor	408	318	349	288

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

<sup>4</sup> Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

<sup>5</sup> CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

<sup>6</sup> Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

<sup>7</sup> Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.64D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic	Lifetime MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE <sup>2</sup>	Past Year MDE <sup>1</sup>	Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE <sup>2</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>	0.36	1.33	0.26	1.57
<b>GEOGRAPHIC REGION</b>				
Northeast	0.71	2.76	0.63	3.33
Midwest	0.58	1.99	0.40	2.51
South	0.68	2.54	0.45	2.92
West	0.79	2.93	0.64	3.58
<b>COUNTY TYPE</b>				
Large Metro	0.52	2.02	0.37	2.25
Small Metro	0.61	2.13	0.46	2.81
Nonmetro	0.82	2.79	0.64	3.47
<b>FAMILY INCOME</b>				
Less Than \$20,000	0.79	2.66	0.65	3.21
\$20,000 - \$49,999	0.53	2.07	0.42	2.59
\$50,000 - \$74,999	0.82	2.93	0.66	3.88
\$75,000 or More	0.78	3.07	0.46	3.02
<b>GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE<sup>3</sup></b>				
Yes	0.99	2.75	0.84	3.57
No	0.38	1.50	0.27	1.73
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE<sup>4</sup></b>				
Private	0.42	1.71	0.30	1.91
Medicaid/CHIP <sup>5</sup>	1.09	3.16	0.99	3.80
Other <sup>6</sup>	0.74	4.05	0.49	3.82
No Coverage	0.96	3.00	0.79	3.91
<b>OVERALL HEALTH<sup>7</sup></b>				
Excellent	0.62	2.87	0.42	3.88
Very Good	0.54	2.00	0.38	2.55
Good	0.83	2.57	0.56	2.72
Fair/Poor	1.26	3.17	1.11	3.68

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

<sup>4</sup> Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

<sup>5</sup> CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

<sup>6</sup> Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

<sup>7</sup> Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.65C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

<b>Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic</b>	<b>Lifetime MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>Past Year MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	82	52	62	41
<b>GEOGRAPHIC REGION</b>				
Northeast	34	20	29	18
Midwest	33	20	28	16
South	47	30	36	26
West	47	32	30	21
<b>COUNTY TYPE</b>				
Large Metro	73	39	51	29
Small Metro	48	29	38	22
Nonmetro	31	19	25	16
<b>FAMILY INCOME</b>				
Less Than \$20,000	38	24	27	15
\$20,000 - \$49,999	51	31	40	26
\$50,000 - \$74,999	37	21	31	19
\$75,000 or More	49	25	37	22
<b>GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE<sup>3</sup></b>				
Yes	40	26	27	18
No	85	45	64	37
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE<sup>4</sup></b>				
Private	70	39	55	32
Medicaid/CHIP <sup>5</sup>	42	27	34	22
Other <sup>6</sup>	20	10	15	7
No Coverage	24	12	16	8
<b>OVERALL HEALTH<sup>7</sup></b>				
Excellent	45	24	32	18
Very Good	58	31	45	27
Good	42	28	33	23
Fair/Poor	20	14	16	*

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

<sup>4</sup> Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

<sup>5</sup> CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

<sup>6</sup> Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

<sup>7</sup> Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

**Table 6.65D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

<b>Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic</b>	<b>Lifetime MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>Past Year MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	0.33	1.18	0.25	1.38
<b>GEOGRAPHIC REGION</b>				
Northeast	0.76	2.50	0.64	2.78
Midwest	0.58	1.87	0.50	2.21
South	0.53	1.94	0.41	2.52
West	0.80	3.03	0.51	3.27
<b>COUNTY TYPE</b>				
Large Metro	0.46	1.72	0.33	2.03
Small Metro	0.55	1.97	0.46	2.27
Nonmetro	0.66	2.54	0.57	3.08
<b>FAMILY INCOME</b>				
Less Than \$20,000	0.73	2.76	0.56	3.05
\$20,000 - \$49,999	0.54	2.01	0.45	2.49
\$50,000 - \$74,999	0.68	2.42	0.59	3.05
\$75,000 or More	0.60	2.03	0.47	2.61
<b>GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE<sup>3</sup></b>				
Yes	0.75	2.66	0.55	3.05
No	0.37	1.30	0.28	1.57
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE<sup>4</sup></b>				
Private	0.38	1.38	0.30	1.66
Medicaid/CHIP <sup>5</sup>	0.57	2.41	0.49	2.85
Other <sup>6</sup>	1.63	4.68	1.30	5.74
No Coverage	1.09	3.91	0.77	4.87
<b>OVERALL HEALTH<sup>7</sup></b>				
Excellent	0.48	2.24	0.36	2.73
Very Good	0.50	1.71	0.40	2.10
Good	0.73	2.34	0.60	2.84
Fair/Poor	1.98	4.69	1.71	*

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

<sup>4</sup> Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

<sup>5</sup> CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

<sup>6</sup> Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

<sup>7</sup> Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

**Table 6.66C Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2004**

<b>Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic</b>	<b>Lifetime MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>Past Year MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	847	697	614	520
<b>GEOGRAPHIC REGION</b>				
Northeast	316	268	278	225
Midwest	307	217	214	181
South	585	496	376	317
West	426	346	336	294
<b>COUNTY TYPE</b>				
Large Metro	746	559	489	389
Small Metro	483	368	341	293
Nonmetro	366	245	266	216
<b>FAMILY INCOME</b>				
Less Than \$20,000	388	301	312	259
\$20,000 - \$49,999	466	348	346	271
\$50,000 - \$74,999	377	307	294	259
\$75,000 or More	577	427	310	266
<b>GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE<sup>3</sup></b>				
Yes	364	291	305	246
No	853	630	554	459
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE<sup>4</sup></b>				
Private	797	622	515	450
Medicaid/CHIP <sup>5</sup>	255	208	230	199
Other <sup>6</sup>	365	283	230	213
No Coverage	338	213	265	177
<b>OVERALL HEALTH<sup>7</sup></b>				
Excellent	420	308	270	245
Very Good	494	326	335	259
Good	530	437	335	272
Fair/Poor	406	318	348	288

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

<sup>4</sup> Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

<sup>5</sup> CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

<sup>6</sup> Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

<sup>7</sup> Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

**Table 6.66D Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2004**

<b>Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic</b>	<b>Lifetime MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>Past Year MDE<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	0.40	1.46	0.29	1.75
<b>GEOGRAPHIC REGION</b>				
Northeast	0.78	3.04	0.68	3.72
Midwest	0.64	2.23	0.44	2.85
South	0.76	2.79	0.49	3.27
West	0.89	3.15	0.70	3.92
<b>COUNTY TYPE</b>				
Large Metro	0.57	2.20	0.40	2.51
Small Metro	0.68	2.35	0.51	3.11
Nonmetro	0.92	3.06	0.71	3.85
<b>FAMILY INCOME</b>				
Less Than \$20,000	0.87	2.89	0.72	3.45
\$20,000 - \$49,999	0.58	2.29	0.45	2.91
\$50,000 - \$74,999	0.91	3.22	0.73	4.36
\$75,000 or More	0.87	3.37	0.52	3.44
<b>GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE<sup>3</sup></b>				
Yes	1.14	3.07	0.97	3.95
No	0.42	1.64	0.29	1.93
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE<sup>4</sup></b>				
Private	0.46	1.86	0.33	2.13
Medicaid/CHIP <sup>5</sup>	1.49	3.97	1.33	4.59
Other <sup>6</sup>	0.75	4.19	0.49	3.88
No Coverage	1.02	3.13	0.84	4.08
<b>OVERALL HEALTH<sup>7</sup></b>				
Excellent	0.72	3.22	0.48	4.38
Very Good	0.61	2.26	0.43	2.95
Good	0.91	2.80	0.60	3.03
Fair/Poor	1.29	3.28	1.14	3.82

\*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

<sup>4</sup> Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

<sup>5</sup> CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

<sup>6</sup> Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

<sup>7</sup> Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).