

Table 6.59A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: Numbers in Thousands, 2004

| Age Category | Lifetime MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² |
|--------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 35,080 | 17,873 | 19,311 | 12,024 |
| 12 | 274 | 83 | 151 | 55 |
| 13 | 452 | 145 | 294 | 114 |
| 14 | 580 | 175 | 360 | 124 |
| 15 | 672 | 221 | 423 | 154 |
| 16 | 736 | 283 | 500 | 220 |
| 17 | 763 | 312 | 497 | 229 |
| 18 | 667 | 273 | 431 | 205 |
| 19 | 594 | 197 | 391 | 155 |
| 20 | 715 | 242 | 484 | 192 |
| 21 | 639 | 257 | 392 | 211 |
| 22 | 639 | 207 | 366 | 164 |
| 23 | 639 | 244 | 394 | 187 |
| 24 | 713 | 283 | 401 | 206 |
| 25 | 690 | 286 | 378 | * |
| 26-29 | 2,483 | 1,147 | 1,450 | 897 |
| 30-34 | 2,858 | 1,491 | 1,590 | 905 |
| 35-39 | 4,062 | 2,192 | 1,895 | 1,334 |
| 40-44 | 4,420 | 2,531 | 2,575 | 1,760 |
| 45-49 | 4,052 | 2,378 | 2,240 | 1,630 |
| 50-54 | 3,533 | 2,267 | 1,842 | * |
| 55-59 | 1,837 | * | 946 | * |
| 60-64 | 1,485 | * | 873 | * |
| 65 or Older | 1,575 | * | 437 | * |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.59B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Detailed Age Category: Percentages, 2004

| Age Category | Lifetime MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² |
|--------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 14.7 | 51.0 | 8.1 | 62.3 |
| 12 | 7.1 | 30.5 | 3.9 | 36.2 |
| 13 | 10.5 | 32.5 | 6.8 | 39.2 |
| 14 | 13.4 | 30.3 | 8.3 | 34.5 |
| 15 | 15.8 | 33.2 | 10.0 | 36.4 |
| 16 | 18.0 | 38.6 | 12.2 | 44.0 |
| 17 | 18.9 | 40.9 | 12.4 | 46.0 |
| 18 | 14.1 | 41.0 | 9.1 | 47.6 |
| 19 | 15.9 | 33.1 | 10.5 | 39.5 |
| 20 | 17.8 | 33.9 | 12.1 | 39.7 |
| 21 | 16.3 | 40.2 | 10.0 | 53.8 |
| 22 | 16.5 | 32.6 | 9.5 | 44.9 |
| 23 | 16.6 | 38.2 | 10.3 | 47.3 |
| 24 | 18.0 | 39.6 | 10.1 | 51.4 |
| 25 | 18.0 | 41.5 | 9.9 | * |
| 26-29 | 16.6 | 46.2 | 9.7 | 61.9 |
| 30-34 | 14.6 | 52.2 | 8.1 | 56.9 |
| 35-39 | 19.7 | 54.0 | 9.2 | 70.4 |
| 40-44 | 19.3 | 57.3 | 11.3 | 68.3 |
| 45-49 | 19.2 | 58.7 | 10.6 | 72.8 |
| 50-54 | 18.2 | 64.2 | 9.5 | * |
| 55-59 | 11.3 | * | 5.8 | * |
| 60-64 | 12.0 | * | 7.0 | * |
| 65 or Older | 4.6 | * | 1.3 | * |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.60A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Numbers in Thousands, 2004

| Gender/Age | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² | |
|---------------|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Lifetime MDE ¹ | Past Year MDE ¹ | Past Year MDE ¹ | Past Year MDE ¹ |
| TOTAL | 35,080 | 17,873 | 19,311 | 12,024 |
| 12-17 | 3,477 | 1,219 | 2,225 | 895 |
| 18-25 | 5,297 | 1,990 | 3,238 | 1,500 |
| 26 or Older | 26,306 | 14,663 | 13,849 | 9,629 |
| MALE | 11,188 | 4,782 | 6,359 | 3,396 |
| 12-17 | 1,074 | 352 | 637 | 239 |
| 18-25 | 1,902 | 577 | 1,122 | 425 |
| 26 or Older | 8,212 | 3,852 | 4,600 | 2,732 |
| FEMALE | 23,892 | 13,091 | 12,953 | 8,628 |
| 12-17 | 2,403 | 867 | 1,588 | 656 |
| 18-25 | 3,395 | 1,412 | 2,116 | 1,075 |
| 26 or Older | 18,095 | 10,811 | 9,249 | 6,897 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.60B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Gender and Age Group: Percentages, 2004

| Gender/Age | Lifetime MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² |
|---------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 14.7 | 51.0 | 8.1 | 62.3 |
| 12-17 | 14.0 | 35.3 | 9.0 | 40.3 |
| 18-25 | 16.6 | 37.6 | 10.1 | 46.3 |
| 26 or Older | 14.5 | 55.7 | 7.6 | 69.5 |
| MALE | 9.7 | 42.8 | 5.5 | 53.4 |
| 12-17 | 8.5 | 33.1 | 5.0 | 37.7 |
| 18-25 | 11.9 | 30.4 | 7.0 | 37.9 |
| 26 or Older | 9.5 | 46.9 | 5.3 | 59.4 |
| FEMALE | 19.4 | 54.8 | 10.6 | 66.6 |
| 12-17 | 19.7 | 36.2 | 13.1 | 41.3 |
| 18-25 | 21.3 | 41.6 | 13.3 | 50.8 |
| 26 or Older | 19.1 | 59.7 | 9.8 | 74.6 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.61A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Numbers in Thousands, 2004

| Hispanic Origin and Race | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime | | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past | |
|---|---|------------------|---|-----------------------|
| | Lifetime MDE ¹ | MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Year MDE ² |
| TOTAL | 35,080 | 17,873 | 19,311 | 12,024 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 31,792 | 16,257 | 17,226 | 10,898 |
| White | 26,771 | 14,028 | 14,201 | 9,223 |
| Black or African American | 3,249 | 1,496 | 1,974 | 1,090 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 122 | * | 97 | * |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | * | * | * | * |
| Asian | 929 | * | 510 | * |
| Two or More Races | 584 | * | 365 | * |
| Hispanic or Latino | 3,288 | 1,615 | 2,085 | 1,126 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.61B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Percentages, 2004

| Hispanic Origin and Race | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² | |
|---|---|------|--|------|
| | Lifetime MDE ¹ | | Past Year MDE ¹ | |
| TOTAL | 14.7 | 51.0 | 8.1 | 62.3 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 15.3 | 51.2 | 8.3 | 63.3 |
| White | 16.0 | 52.4 | 8.5 | 65.0 |
| Black or African American | 11.8 | 46.1 | 7.2 | 55.3 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 10.1 | * | 8.0 | * |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | * | * | * | * |
| Asian | 9.8 | * | 5.4 | * |
| Two or More Races | 26.5 | * | 16.6 | * |
| Hispanic or Latino | 10.8 | 49.1 | 6.8 | 54.0 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.62A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Numbers in Thousands, 2004

| Hispanic Origin and Race | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime | | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past | |
|---|---|------------------|---|-----------------------|
| | Lifetime MDE ¹ | MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Year MDE ² |
| TOTAL | 3,477 | 1,219 | 2,225 | 895 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 2,847 | 1,022 | 1,848 | 756 |
| White | 2,135 | 842 | 1,413 | 633 |
| Black or African American | 485 | 121 | 287 | 82 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 20 | * | 13 | * |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | * | * | * | * |
| Asian | 128 | * | 82 | * |
| Two or More Races | 78 | * | 51 | * |
| Hispanic or Latino | 630 | 198 | 377 | 139 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

Table 6.62B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Hispanic Origin and Race: Percentages, 2004

| Hispanic Origin and Race | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² | |
|---|---|------|--|------|
| | Lifetime MDE ¹ | | Past Year MDE ¹ | |
| TOTAL | 14.0 | 35.3 | 9.0 | 40.3 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 13.7 | 36.1 | 8.9 | 41.0 |
| White | 13.9 | 39.7 | 9.2 | 44.9 |
| Black or African American | 12.9 | 25.1 | 7.7 | 28.9 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 12.0 | * | 7.8 | * |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | * | * | * | * |
| Asian | 13.0 | * | 8.3 | * |
| Two or More Races | 17.9 | * | 11.7 | * |
| Hispanic or Latino | 15.2 | 31.4 | 9.1 | 36.8 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

Table 6.63A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2004

| Demographic Characteristic | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime | | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past | |
|---|---|------------------|---|-----------------------|
| | Lifetime MDE ¹ | MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Year MDE ² |
| TOTAL | 31,603 | 16,653 | 17,087 | 11,129 |
| GENDER | | | | |
| Male | 10,114 | 4,430 | 5,722 | 3,157 |
| Female | 21,489 | 12,223 | 11,365 | 7,972 |
| HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE | | | | |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 28,944 | 15,235 | 15,379 | 10,142 |
| White | 24,636 | 13,186 | 12,788 | 8,589 |
| Black or African American | 2,764 | 1,375 | 1,687 | 1,008 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 102 | * | 84 | * |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | * | * | * | * |
| Asian | 802 | * | 428 | * |
| Two or More Races | 506 | * | 314 | * |
| Hispanic or Latino | 2,658 | 1,418 | 1,708 | 987 |
| EDUCATION | | | | |
| < High School | 4,175 | 2,290 | 2,917 | 1,853 |
| High School Graduate | 8,987 | 4,470 | 5,174 | 3,002 |
| Some College | 9,847 | 5,253 | 5,541 | 3,677 |
| College Graduate | 8,594 | 4,641 | 3,455 | 2,597 |
| CURRENT EMPLOYMENT | | | | |
| Full-Time | 17,628 | 8,374 | 9,053 | 5,318 |
| Part-Time | 4,870 | 2,488 | 2,464 | 1,605 |
| Unemployed | 1,413 | 681 | 836 | * |
| Other ³ | 7,691 | 5,110 | 4,733 | 3,757 |
| MARITAL STATUS | | | | |
| Married | 14,697 | 7,876 | 7,073 | 5,174 |
| Widowed | 1,443 | * | 888 | * |
| Divorced or Separated | 6,502 | 3,659 | 3,770 | 2,461 |
| Never Married | 8,961 | 4,213 | 5,356 | 2,768 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

³ Retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force are included in the Other Employment category.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.63B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2004

| Demographic Characteristic | Lifetime MDE¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE² | Past Year MDE¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE² |
|---|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 14.8 | 52.7 | 8.0 | 65.1 |
| GENDER | | | | |
| Male | 9.8 | 43.8 | 5.6 | 55.2 |
| Female | 19.4 | 56.9 | 10.3 | 70.1 |
| HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE | | | | |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 15.5 | 52.6 | 8.2 | 66.0 |
| White | 16.3 | 53.5 | 8.4 | 67.2 |
| Black or African American | 11.7 | 49.8 | 7.1 | 59.8 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 9.8 | * | 8.1 | * |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | * | * | * | * |
| Asian | 9.4 | * | 5.0 | * |
| Two or More Races | 28.6 | * | 17.9 | * |
| Hispanic or Latino | 10.1 | 53.3 | 6.5 | 57.8 |
| EDUCATION | | | | |
| < High School | 11.5 | 54.8 | 8.0 | 63.5 |
| High School Graduate | 13.3 | 49.8 | 7.6 | 58.0 |
| Some College | 18.7 | 53.4 | 10.5 | 66.4 |
| College Graduate | 15.1 | 54.0 | 6.1 | 75.2 |
| CURRENT EMPLOYMENT | | | | |
| Full-Time | 14.8 | 47.5 | 7.6 | 58.7 |
| Part-Time | 17.3 | 51.1 | 8.8 | 65.1 |
| Unemployed | 19.1 | 48.2 | 11.3 | * |
| Other ³ | 13.0 | 66.4 | 8.0 | 79.4 |
| MARITAL STATUS | | | | |
| Married | 12.1 | 53.6 | 5.8 | 73.2 |
| Widowed | 11.6 | * | 7.1 | * |
| Divorced or Separated | 23.1 | 56.3 | 13.4 | 65.3 |
| Never Married | 17.3 | 47.1 | 10.4 | 51.7 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

³ Retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force are included in the Other Employment category.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.64A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2004

| Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic | Lifetime MDE¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE² | Past Year MDE¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE² |
|---|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 35,080 | 17,873 | 19,311 | 12,024 |
| GEOGRAPHIC REGION | | | | |
| Northeast | 6,567 | 3,467 | 3,674 | 2,324 |
| Midwest | 7,699 | 3,835 | 4,374 | 2,699 |
| South | 12,527 | 6,438 | 6,589 | 4,102 |
| West | 8,286 | 4,133 | 4,674 | 2,898 |
| COUNTY TYPE | | | | |
| Large Metro | 18,449 | 9,060 | 10,066 | 6,114 |
| Small Metro | 10,818 | 6,034 | 5,916 | 3,805 |
| Nonmetro | 5,813 | 2,778 | 3,329 | 2,104 |
| FAMILY INCOME | | | | |
| Less Than \$20,000 | 7,567 | 3,965 | 5,032 | 2,941 |
| \$20,000 - \$49,999 | 11,768 | 5,998 | 6,575 | 3,926 |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 6,453 | 3,407 | 3,402 | 2,236 |
| \$75,000 or More | 9,292 | 4,502 | 4,303 | 2,922 |
| GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³ | | | | |
| Yes | 6,328 | 3,686 | 4,284 | 2,677 |
| No | 28,752 | 14,186 | 15,028 | 9,347 |
| HEALTH INSURANCE⁴ | | | | |
| Private | 24,104 | 12,557 | 12,179 | 8,124 |
| Medicaid/CHIP ⁵ | 3,807 | 2,255 | 2,645 | 1,780 |
| Other ⁶ | 4,569 | 2,906 | 2,333 | 1,881 |
| No Coverage | 5,691 | 2,065 | 3,599 | 1,458 |
| OVERALL HEALTH⁷ | | | | |
| Excellent | 7,342 | 3,193 | 3,196 | 1,847 |
| Very Good | 12,370 | 5,514 | 6,459 | 3,554 |
| Good | 9,802 | 5,443 | 5,635 | 3,642 |
| Fair/Poor | 5,566 | 3,722 | 4,020 | 2,980 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.64B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Percentages, 2004

| Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic | Lifetime MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² |
|--|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 14.7 | 51.0 | 8.1 | 62.3 |
| GEOGRAPHIC REGION | | | | |
| Northeast | 14.6 | 52.9 | 8.1 | 63.3 |
| Midwest | 14.3 | 49.8 | 8.1 | 61.7 |
| South | 14.6 | 51.4 | 7.7 | 62.3 |
| West | 15.4 | 49.9 | 8.7 | 62.0 |
| COUNTY TYPE | | | | |
| Large Metro | 14.4 | 49.1 | 7.9 | 60.8 |
| Small Metro | 15.4 | 55.8 | 8.4 | 64.3 |
| Nonmetro | 14.6 | 47.8 | 8.4 | 63.2 |
| FAMILY INCOME | | | | |
| Less Than \$20,000 | 16.2 | 52.4 | 10.8 | 58.5 |
| \$20,000 - \$49,999 | 13.9 | 51.0 | 7.8 | 59.7 |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 14.9 | 52.8 | 7.8 | 65.7 |
| \$75,000 or More | 14.6 | 48.5 | 6.8 | 67.9 |
| GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³ | | | | |
| Yes | 18.2 | 58.3 | 12.3 | 62.5 |
| No | 14.1 | 49.4 | 7.4 | 62.2 |
| HEALTH INSURANCE⁴ | | | | |
| Private | 14.3 | 52.1 | 7.2 | 66.7 |
| Medicaid/CHIP ⁵ | 16.6 | 59.3 | 11.6 | 67.4 |
| Other ⁶ | 9.6 | 63.6 | 4.9 | 80.6 |
| No Coverage | 17.3 | 36.3 | 10.9 | 40.5 |
| OVERALL HEALTH⁷ | | | | |
| Excellent | 11.7 | 43.5 | 5.1 | 57.8 |
| Very Good | 14.5 | 44.6 | 7.6 | 55.0 |
| Good | 16.1 | 55.6 | 9.3 | 64.7 |
| Fair/Poor | 18.9 | 66.9 | 13.6 | 74.1 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on all respondents aged 12 to 17 and a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.65A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2004

| Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic | Lifetime MDE¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE² | Past Year MDE¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE² |
|---|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 3,477 | 1,219 | 2,225 | 895 |
| GEOGRAPHIC REGION | | | | |
| Northeast | 636 | 245 | 437 | 191 |
| Midwest | 772 | 287 | 487 | 201 |
| South | 1,216 | 392 | 756 | 294 |
| West | 853 | 295 | 545 | 208 |
| COUNTY TYPE | | | | |
| Large Metro | 1,822 | 625 | 1,135 | 451 |
| Small Metro | 1,086 | 394 | 717 | 294 |
| Nonmetro | 569 | 201 | 373 | 150 |
| FAMILY INCOME | | | | |
| Less Than \$20,000 | 645 | 206 | 402 | 135 |
| \$20,000 - \$49,999 | 1,226 | 450 | 778 | 330 |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 668 | 239 | 451 | 186 |
| \$75,000 or More | 937 | 325 | 594 | 243 |
| GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³ | | | | |
| Yes | 697 | 260 | 419 | 176 |
| No | 2,780 | 959 | 1,806 | 719 |
| HEALTH INSURANCE⁴ | | | | |
| Private | 2,298 | 827 | 1,507 | 620 |
| Medicaid/CHIP ⁵ | 883 | 319 | 555 | 227 |
| Other ⁶ | 178 | 60 | 102 | 38 |
| No Coverage | 261 | 63 | 143 | 38 |
| OVERALL HEALTH⁷ | | | | |
| Excellent | 865 | 259 | 534 | 179 |
| Very Good | 1,474 | 501 | 960 | 376 |
| Good | 939 | 365 | 603 | 270 |
| Fair/Poor | 199 | 95 | 127 | * |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

Table 6.65B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 12 to 17, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Percentages, 2004

| Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic | Lifetime MDE¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE² | Past Year MDE¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE² |
|---|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 14.0 | 35.3 | 9.0 | 40.3 |
| GEOGRAPHIC REGION | | | | |
| Northeast | 14.2 | 38.9 | 9.8 | 43.8 |
| Midwest | 13.7 | 37.4 | 8.7 | 41.4 |
| South | 13.7 | 32.5 | 8.5 | 39.1 |
| West | 14.4 | 34.6 | 9.2 | 38.2 |
| COUNTY TYPE | | | | |
| Large Metro | 13.8 | 34.5 | 8.6 | 39.8 |
| Small Metro | 14.4 | 36.4 | 9.5 | 41.1 |
| Nonmetro | 13.7 | 35.6 | 9.0 | 40.3 |
| FAMILY INCOME | | | | |
| Less Than \$20,000 | 14.2 | 32.3 | 8.9 | 33.9 |
| \$20,000 - \$49,999 | 14.5 | 36.8 | 9.2 | 42.4 |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 13.9 | 35.8 | 9.4 | 41.5 |
| \$75,000 or More | 13.2 | 34.8 | 8.4 | 41.0 |
| GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³ | | | | |
| Yes | 15.1 | 37.6 | 9.1 | 42.1 |
| No | 13.7 | 34.7 | 8.9 | 39.9 |
| HEALTH INSURANCE⁴ | | | | |
| Private | 13.9 | 36.2 | 9.1 | 41.2 |
| Medicaid/CHIP ⁵ | 14.2 | 36.4 | 8.9 | 41.1 |
| Other ⁶ | 17.0 | 34.1 | 9.8 | 37.3 |
| No Coverage | 13.1 | 24.3 | 7.2 | 26.9 |
| OVERALL HEALTH⁷ | | | | |
| Excellent | 10.1 | 30.0 | 6.2 | 33.6 |
| Very Good | 14.4 | 34.2 | 9.4 | 39.2 |
| Good | 18.1 | 39.1 | 11.6 | 44.9 |
| Fair/Poor | 23.5 | 48.3 | 15.2 | * |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004.

Table 6.66A Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2004

| Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic | Lifetime MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² |
|--|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 31,603 | 16,653 | 17,087 | 11,129 |
| GEOGRAPHIC REGION | | | | |
| Northeast | 5,932 | 3,222 | 3,237 | 2,133 |
| Midwest | 6,928 | 3,548 | 3,888 | 2,498 |
| South | 11,310 | 6,046 | 5,832 | 3,808 |
| West | 7,433 | 3,838 | 4,129 | 2,690 |
| COUNTY TYPE | | | | |
| Large Metro | 16,626 | 8,435 | 8,931 | 5,664 |
| Small Metro | 9,732 | 5,640 | 5,199 | 3,511 |
| Nonmetro | 5,245 | 2,577 | 2,956 | 1,954 |
| FAMILY INCOME | | | | |
| Less Than \$20,000 | 6,922 | 3,759 | 4,630 | 2,806 |
| \$20,000 - \$49,999 | 10,542 | 5,548 | 5,796 | 3,596 |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 5,785 | 3,168 | 2,951 | 2,049 |
| \$75,000 or More | 8,354 | 4,178 | 3,709 | 2,679 |
| GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³ | | | | |
| Yes | 5,631 | 3,426 | 3,865 | 2,501 |
| No | 25,972 | 13,227 | 13,222 | 8,628 |
| HEALTH INSURANCE⁴ | | | | |
| Private | 21,806 | 11,730 | 10,671 | 7,504 |
| Medicaid/CHIP ⁵ | 2,924 | 1,936 | 2,090 | 1,553 |
| Other ⁶ | 4,391 | 2,845 | 2,230 | 1,843 |
| No Coverage | 5,430 | 2,002 | 3,457 | 1,420 |
| OVERALL HEALTH⁷ | | | | |
| Excellent | 6,477 | 2,934 | 2,662 | 1,668 |
| Very Good | 10,896 | 5,013 | 5,499 | 3,178 |
| Good | 8,863 | 5,078 | 5,032 | 3,373 |
| Fair/Poor | 5,367 | 3,627 | 3,893 | 2,910 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).

Table 6.66B Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in Lifetime or Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, and Receipt of Treatment in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 18 or Older with an MDE in Lifetime or Past Year, by Geographic, Socioeconomic, and Health Characteristics: Percentages, 2004

| Geographic/Socioeconomic/Health Characteristic | Lifetime MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Lifetime MDE ² | Past Year MDE ¹ | Receipt of Treatment in Past Year among Persons with Past Year MDE ² |
|--|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| TOTAL | 14.8 | 52.7 | 8.0 | 65.1 |
| GEOGRAPHIC REGION | | | | |
| Northeast | 14.6 | 54.3 | 8.0 | 65.9 |
| Midwest | 14.3 | 51.2 | 8.1 | 64.3 |
| South | 14.8 | 53.5 | 7.6 | 65.3 |
| West | 15.5 | 51.6 | 8.6 | 65.1 |
| COUNTY TYPE | | | | |
| Large Metro | 14.4 | 50.7 | 7.8 | 63.4 |
| Small Metro | 15.5 | 58.0 | 8.3 | 67.5 |
| Nonmetro | 14.7 | 49.1 | 8.3 | 66.1 |
| FAMILY INCOME | | | | |
| Less Than \$20,000 | 16.4 | 54.3 | 11.0 | 60.6 |
| \$20,000 - \$49,999 | 13.8 | 52.6 | 7.6 | 62.0 |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 15.0 | 54.8 | 7.6 | 69.4 |
| \$75,000 or More | 14.8 | 50.0 | 6.6 | 72.2 |
| GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE³ | | | | |
| Yes | 18.6 | 60.8 | 12.8 | 64.7 |
| No | 14.2 | 50.9 | 7.2 | 65.3 |
| HEALTH INSURANCE⁴ | | | | |
| Private | 14.4 | 53.8 | 7.0 | 70.3 |
| Medicaid/CHIP ⁵ | 17.5 | 66.2 | 12.5 | 74.3 |
| Other ⁶ | 9.4 | 64.8 | 4.8 | 82.6 |
| No Coverage | 17.6 | 36.9 | 11.2 | 41.1 |
| OVERALL HEALTH⁷ | | | | |
| Excellent | 11.9 | 45.3 | 4.9 | 62.7 |
| Very Good | 14.6 | 46.0 | 7.4 | 57.8 |
| Good | 15.9 | 57.3 | 9.0 | 67.0 |
| Fair/Poor | 18.7 | 67.6 | 13.6 | 74.8 |

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on a subsample of respondents aged 18 or older. See Section B.4.5 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2004 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of the symptoms for depression as described in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Respondents with unknown data for the respective Lifetime or Past Year MDE measure are excluded.

² Treatment is defined as seeing or talking to a medical doctor or other professional or using prescription medication in the past year for depression. Respondents with unknown treatment data are excluded.

³ Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

⁴ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁵ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁶ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

⁷ Respondents with unknown health data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004 (subsample).